Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

Congress will adjourn in a few days.

Susan B. Anthony is going to make a prolonged tour of Europe.

The California legislature has rejected the whipping post law. Lynch law is good enough for her.

The American iron trade is undoubtedly suffering at the present time all over the country, and the embarrassment appears to have increased steadily with the progress of the free trade agitation in Congress.

It is said that the King of Bavaria visited Wagner's tomb alone at midnight on Monday, the 19th, and remained a quarter of an hour. That King is certainly not afraid of ghosts.

Wiggins admits his failure as regards the storm of February 9, but wants us to look for the tempest, which he still says will be along next month. We have our weather eye on it, Wiggie.

Attorney General Cassidy is posing as a reformer. He is "agin" all pardons. This doesn't weigh much in a contest for United States Senator. Mr. Wallace's arbitration act can discount it.

Since the death of Thurlow Weed, Gov. Morgan and Gov. Jewell, Mr. Tilden is one of the few old politicians left, and he was so badly "left" in the Presidential contest that he has perhaps been forgotten by old Time.

From present indications even Henry Watterson's "tariff for revenue only" could not find a footing amongst the Democracy. "British free trade and no reduction of the internal revenue tax," appears to be the Democratic motto.

Senator M'Knight, of Jefferson, deserves to be congratulated upon his readiness to accept good advice. He has amended his constitutional amendment bill reducing the membership of the Senate and House to 30 and 50, so as to read 33 and 100.

The consolidation of the great telegraph companies revives the question as to whether it would not be a movement in the interest of the public if the Government were to erect and maintain postal telegraph lines. The Government control in England has proved a success.

Malaria promises strongly to be the disease of the future. It has, as every reader is aware, become disagreeably frequent. Everything now-a-days partakes of a malarial character. Dr. Eliot read a recent paper before the New Haven Clinical society in which he said: "When a diognosis is uncertain few doctors hesitate to tell a man he has malaria."

Two more victims of the Catholic School calamity are reported from New York city. It is to be hoped that this horrible tragedy will lead to a thorough examination of every public school building in all the cities of the country, and then, perhaps, the little innocents sent so prematurely to their graves will not have died in vain.

The appalling accident in New York on Tuesday, the 20th, whereby fourteen children lost their lives, was the result of a panic in a school building—something that should always be carefully guarded against. It was caused by an alarm of fire, and the excitement and confusion that followed beggars description. Hundreds of terror stricken children tumbling over each other down a stairway, and struggling for their lives must indeed have been a sad spectacle.

The Mexican Treaty.

Under the above caption the Philadelphia *Press* says that there is very little, said, and very little that can be said against the proposed Mexican Treaty. The wisdom of encouraging trade between the United States and Mexico is beyond question. That American industry has next to nothing to fear from Mexican competition, admits of easy demonstration. In the exchanges proposed the advantage is overwhelmingly on the side of American labor. Many of the articles enumerated are already on the free list. All of them except quicksilver, are animal or vegetable products, either in the raw state or in a very low stage of manufacture, and, with some half dozen exceptions, they are tropical products which do not in the least come into competition with our own.

On the other hand the American schedule of articles which under the treaty will pass the Mexican frontier without tolls is three times as long as the Mexican, and includes manufactures of every description. Breadstuffs, provisions, and such raw material as they require the Mexicans are able to provide themselves very well, but in the proposed free list of American articles we find coal of all kinds, quicksilver, dry and straw feed, fresh fruit, petroleum, slates, sausages, fresh vegetables, and ice. Among the manufactured articles to which the treaty opens the doors of Mexico are locomotives, cars, rails, and everything necessary to the equipment of a railroad, agricultural implements, machinery of all sorts, building materials, paper, pens, sewing machines, vehicles, clocks, and stoves. Cotton and wool, both raw or manufactured, are excluded from the free list on each side. The only Mexican articles which would seriously compete with the products of this country are unrefined sugars and tobacco. The competition of these articles with our own is less one of cheap and dear labor than between different soils and climate. Mexican tobacco is a different quality from our own, and will displace not American, but imported West Indian tobacco, to which it corresponds. The low lands of Louisiana are certain of a profitable market for all they can raise. We had to supplement that supply last year by the importation of $1,913,000,000 worth of sugar, in addition to what we imported free of duty from the Sandwich Islands. Under the treaty we will raise no less sugar, but import more from Mexico and pay for it in our manufactures.

It is urged that this treaty is a move in the direction of free trade; that under it Mexico will be used as a conduit through which to smuggle foreign products, not Mexican, into this country free of duty; that it involves such momentous consequences to the business of the country that the action upon the treaty had better be post poned till next winter, and that, as it changes the tariff, the House of Representatives should have a voice in approving it. Restrictions on trade are always evil, though often a necessary evil, and the less of two. Where it is possible to have free trade, as between the United States and Mexico, which shall be to the reciprocal advantage of the commerce and industries of both countries, it cannot be too heartily welcomed. If it shall appear at any time hereafter that the treaty is being used to cover articles imported into Mexico, it can be readily annulled. It is to the interest of Mexico to hold the United States' market as far as possible for its own products. For it to allow the products of other countries which compete with its own to come into this country through Mexican territory would be to stand in in its own light.

Though the treaty is new, it is easily understood, and the principles and motives which underlie it have been a long time under discussion. Railroads already connect the two countries, and the sooner a free interchange of commodities is allowed the sooner will the United States secure a profitable trade with Mexico. Those who object to the President and Senate making a commercial treaty quarrel with the Constitution and not with this Mexican treaty. The single question is, whether or no the treaty is a good one to enter into. The authority of the Senate in the matter is too well established to be successfully contested at this late date.

Closing an Argument in Virginia

They have a queer way of punctuating political and legal arguments in Virginia. At the point where the argument is exhausted and a full stop reached on either side, instead of saying, "We rest here," according to the ordinary formula in courts, one of the parties either calls the other a liar or else waits to be challenged to mortal combat, or gets up, goes around the table and slaps his opponent's face.

At last reports the peace officers in Virginia were busily engaged in putting their fellow citizens under bonds to keep the peace in consequence of the controversy between Captain John S. Wise and the Rev. John E. Massey over the question as to which of these two statesmen was honestly elected Congressman-at-Large from that ancient commonwealth. It may be said, in parenthesis, that to the disinterested spectator viewing this controversy from the outside it does not seem that either of them should be "at large." In the course of this controversy, however, which was then only in its preliminary stage—the taking of depositions to be submitted to the next Congress in the contest for the seat to which Mr. Wise has been declared elected—Mr. Wise proposed to show that his opponent was in the habit of visiting a gambling saloon. Mr. Massey remarked that whoever said that was unworthy of belief on oath. This appearing to Mr. Wise to be the proper point for punctuation, he crossed over to his opponent and, remarking "Now, old man, I say it," slapped his face twice. The bystanders interfering, Mr. Wise desisted. Mr. Massey then rose and said: "If I could wipe your heart's blood from my hands as easily as I can this insult, you should not live an hour"—which will be found upon close analysis to be a trifle ambiguous. Thereat Mr. Wise, shaking his finger at his adversary, replied: "You d—d old rascal, I would box your jaw for language like that if you were a hundred-and-fifty years old and in the pulpit which you disgrace"—which cannot be said to be ambiguous at all. Virginia justice is short, sharp and decisive. Mr. Wise was immediately confronted with it, and in the police court he was fined five dollars. Upon Mr. Massey's counsel asking that the parties be placed under bonds to keep the peace hereafter, a sharp colloquy is said to have arisen between him and Mr. Wise, the latter remarking that it would be better, perhaps, to require bonds of him as against the counsel. The counsel, General Hundley, answered that he had always treated Mr. Wise courteously, and would neither seek nor shun any difficulty with him, adding in the true Virginia style that the court room is not the place to discuss such matters, and that he was willing to "accord satisfaction" to Mr. Wise at any time or place. The dispute was already beginning to spread. Here was another chance for the constable. A warrant was immediately sworn out, and both gentlemen were placed under arrest, but upon their disclaiming any present intention of carrying the matter further they were discharged, as usual, upon giving bonds. The citizens of Richmond, of course, took up the matter at once, and public opinion was divided upon the merits of both quarrels. How many more faces will be slapped, how many challenges provoked, how many citizens put under bonds not to kill each other at ten paces, remains to be seen. No doubt the peace officers will be kept busy as the controversy spreads slowly over the State.

Upon the whole the Virginia method of punctuating the close of an argument does not seem to us to be worthy of universal imitation. It makes too much work for the constable and police courts.

The Ohio Valley Flood.

The immense tract of territory that pours its surplus waters through the narrow funnel of the Ohio at Cincinnati, explains the disastrous floods there and at other points on the lower Ohio, from which those at the head of the river have been in a measure exempt. All of western Pennsylvania below the mountain water shed and the small district tributary to the lakes; West Virginia, west of its mountain ridges that mark the line tributary to the Potomac; and a great part of Ohio, south of the lake basin, which comprises only a few of the northern counties, as well as a great part of eastern and middle Kentucky empty their floods into the Ohio before it reaches Cincinnati. Not only is the extent of country drained, very great, but it is of a mountainous character, shedding its water with rapidity, thereby causing sudden floods, against which there can be no adequate preparation. There is no part of the United States subject to such a destructive invasion of mountain torrents. The Cincinnati *Commercial* says the difference between high and low water there is greater than at any other great city of the world. In two years it has ranged from a sandbar to over sixty-six feet. Naturally the great floods of this year in the Ohio, compared with the low water of 1881—the highest and lowest waters ever known at Cincinnati—cause thoughtful people tor evert to one cause of the extremes found in the destruction of the forest. On this point we quote a clear statement from the *Commercial*:

Take a mass of mountains on the Allegheny, Monongahela or Kanawa. Let us suppose them clothed with trees from foot to crown, and with underbush and mosses, with beds of half-decayed leaves, resting upon soil that represents deposits of leaves and vegetable growth for thousands of years. Each mountain is an enormous sponge. The rain may fall for days and the greater part is absorbed, saturating the soil, the grass, the leaves, lingering in the bushes and the trees. The half decayed logs will hold barrels of water, and for weeks after a heavy rain moisture is trickling away in thousands of flush springs.

Cut away the trees—the underbush perishes, the moss is dried up, the soil washed away and the rocks exposed. The rains descend and the mountains shed the water like the roofs of houses. All that falls makes its way into the torrent at once.

Take a thousand mountains at the headwaters of the Ohio, and reduce them to barrenness, and it follows that the river is lower in dry weather and higher in wet weather, and more and more subject to extremes of high and low water.

Persons who have given this subject scientific examination will, we are sure, agree with us, that under the conditions as to rainfall and state of the ground in February, 1832, the Ohio would be higher than it was that year.

Europe is suffering more from floods than in former generations. They are the clearly traced result of the destruction of forests, and made more disastrous by a system of levees that are equally false and futile. The experience of Hungary and northern Italy is especially instructive.

Of course we do not expect to restore all the wood lands, but the preservation of mountains from destruction—that is, from becoming utterly barren—a desolation of rocks—is a duty that public safety demands.

Why, the greater part of Switzerland would have been uninhabitable long ago if it had not been for the systematic cultivation and preservation of forests. There are many mountain sides in Switzerland that are wonderfully supported by trees and shrubbery, cared for with a full appreciation of their importance.

If Presidential nominations were made at great dinner parties, Governor Butler would be a forerunner in the race on the Democratic side, while the Ten Million Senator Tabor, who gave on Saturday night the "most elaborate dinner ever seen at Washington," would undoubtedly stand a chance among Republicans. The battle of New Orleans was celebrated in Boston by a Butler banquet, Washington's Birthday by a similar love feast and next the Massachusetts Democrats will lay themselves, and a portion of their party, out on the anniversary of Appomattox, a doubtful Democratic feast day. On these occasions, Governor Butler appears at his best, and on no other occasions are Democratic prospects so encouraging. Surrounded by music and flowers and wine, after office hours, every man is a reformer and a patriot.

Taxation in Austria is not only unjust but onerous, and yet it is insufficient to meet the expenditures. In Vienna new houses are exempt from taxation for twenty-eight years; therefore the burden falls very heavily on old houses, the tax being in some cases 40 per cent. of the rental. There is now a proposition before the Reichsrath which is very unpopular and will increase instead of diminish the weight. A tax on securities is proposed, which will drive foreign capital away, as the tax will fall upon that first. A personal income tax is also suggested, which will range from five eighths of 1 per cent to 1 1-10, while the trades' tax is even heavier than all, running from 3 up to 7 and 8 per cent. of the capital invested.

Ex-Gov. Seymour, of New York, suggests that Decoration Day, which is now well established as a holiday, also be made a day for yearly tree planting. In many cases this planting could be made to assume a memorial character; and in all cases, since the day is generally observed and there is much leisure for those who witness or take part in the celebration, there could be economy and mutual help in a general custom of employing a part of the day in setting out trees. "Trees regulate rainfalls," says Governor Seymour, "and where they are destroyed the country is desolated by droughts or by excessive rainfalls." Decoration Day comes at a very suitable time for tree planting in a large part of the North.

Green hair is said to be the fashion in Paris, and the locks that crown the heads of Parisian belles may soon be expected to rival the garniture of the pastures. It is a restful color, and yet contrasted with a touch of carmine and a tint of pearl, would be wonderfully effective. There are fresh suggestions in it to the poet, to whom ebon curls and golden tresses are getting to be an old story, and lovers who pay waiting maids for combings from their misstresses' toilets will now feel that they are getting the worth of their money. Above all it illustrates that wonderful variety in women which age cannot wither nor custom stale.

Will some of the leading Independents, who are crying "down with the bosses" all summer and shouting for "reform," rise and tell us just what they have accomplished—in the way of reform—by turning the State over to the Democracy? The people do not thus far see just where reform has taken a good grip on matters, and would like to be *informed*.

That inveterate old office-seeker, ex-Governor John M. Palmer, of Illinois, is figuring for the nomination for President in 1884. He has belonged to every political party that has existed since the days of Whiggery, and never has been satisfied an hour without he was in office.

President Arthur has done well, says the Altoona *Tribune*, in his selection of civil service commissioners. Mr. Dorman B. Eaton, of New York, who is chairman of the commission, is the actual author of the civil reform bill, and is perhaps the best qualified man in the country for the place. He is intensely in earnest also and will bring to the discharge of the duties of his position ability of the highest order and the most absolute faith in the righteousness of the new departure. Professor John M. Gregory and Leroy D. Thomes, his associates, are also men of ability and neither of them is a machine politican. The president deserves the thanks of the country for the disposition he has shown to give civil service reform a fair chance to succeed.

It was settled on Thursday last that the Senate Tariff bill cannot pass in its present form.

GENERAL NOTES.

The river at Cairo commenced to fall Thursday morning.

The tumult at Sing Sing prison is subsiding. No further trouble with the convicts is anticipated.

President Grevy has accepted the new Cabinet submitted by M. Jules Ferry, and it is officially announced.

Washington's birthday was celebrated by the American residents of London, Paris and Berlin.

The executive committee of the trunk lines and managers of western roads have signed an agreement to prevent the cutting of freight rates.

Messrs. C. B. Richards & Co., of New York, have transmitted to Europe, in aid of the sufferers by the Rhine inundation, the total amount of $112,574.

John Dunn, the English ruler of a portion of Zululand, has written a letter to Lord Derby protesting against the recent settlement of the affairs of that country.

Near Memphis, Tenn., on Tuesday night, the 20th, Dr. Townsend and his wife, aged people, were shot and killed by Alex. Hill, a young colored man in their employ.

It is stated that the French Admiral on the Madagascar station has been ordered to suppress vigorously any attempts to resist the rights of France on that island.

A stiff business has sprung up between Montreal and Chicago in dead bodies for use in medical colleges. So far over 150 have been received since the opening of the winter.

At the sale of seats Thursday for the Nilsson concert, to be given at Music Hall, Cincinnati, on March 1, the crowd was so great that the police were required to preserve order.

The Chamber of Commerce Relief Committee of Cincinnati acknowledge with thanks the receipt of a check for $2,500 sent by W. H. Vanderbilt to Captain George N. Stone for the flood sufferers.

Congressman Belford says that he has made an examination of his papers, and found no mention anywhere of any check from Dorsey. He further disclaims any connection with any of the Star route defendants.

In view of the terrible calamnity in the Catholic school in New York the board of education of Chicago have decided to have all the schools inspected as to provisions for the escape of scholars in case of fire.

Fleming B Lewis, hack driver at Cedar Rapids, Mich., was arrested for robbing the mails on the 8th instant. Lewis confessed and returned the money, amounting to $2,400, except fifty dollars, which he had spent.

Secretary Chandler on Thursday received a telegram from Captain Joseph S. Skerret, commanding the United States steamer Richmond, dated Hong Kong, February 21, confirming the news of the loss of the United States steamer Ashuelot.

Farmer Shimplin, of Farmersville, Ohio, cut down an apple tree one day last week, and on splitting the body found a small tin can which contained 48 bright and untarnished $20 gold pieces. His grandfather bought the farm from a queer old man who was reported to be wealthy.

While the fire department was playing on a conflagration in the rear portion of the Union League Club Rooms, New York, 20 members were playing billiards, chess and poker in the front rooms, just as though nothing was the matter, and did not stop till the smoke drove them out.

When John Adams was told that his son had been elected President, he was evidently delighted, but said: "No man who ever held the office of President would congratulate a friend on obtaining it. He will make one man ungrateful and 100 men his enemies for every office he bestows."

A Washington Territory official says that there are four pursuits which a man can follow in the northwest with more show of success than elsewhere, viz., wheat raising, mining, lumbering, and fishing. The wheat belt extending from Boise, Idaho, to Walla-Walla, W. T., contains 50,000,000 acres of land.

A "Skeleton Army" is following in the wake of the Salvation Army in England, and a battalion is being formed in New York. The former marches around the others, the members being made up to represent skeletons, and carrying flags inscribed with "His Satanic Majesty," "Fanaticism," "Blasphemy," and carrying coffins, skeletons, and skulls and crossbones.

Poetry.

NIGHT—LAKE HELEN.

I lie in my red canoe
On the waters still and deep,
And o'er me darkens the sky,
And beneath the billows sleep;

Till, between the stars above
And those in the lake's embrace,
I seem to float like the dead
In the noiselessness of space.

Betwixt two worlds I drift,
A bodiless soul again—
Between the still thoughts of God
And those which belong to men;

And out of the height above,
And out of the deep below,
A thought that is like a ghost
Doth gather and gain and grow.

That now and forever more
'Tis silence of death shall hold,
While the nations fade and die,
And the countless years are rolled.

But I turn the light canoe,
And, darting across the night,
And glad of the paddles' noise
And the camp-fire's honest light.

THE CLASSIC MAIDS OF BOSTON.

Lord Byron sang of Grecian girls,
And Oriental ladies,
Of flowing locks and jetty curls,
Worn by the girls of Cadiz.
If Byron loved the Turk and Greek
He'd certainly get lost on
The girls whose beauty none can speak—
The classic maids of Boston.

They have the wild eyes of the roe,
Like Athens' maid, Theresa,
It she would see them wink, I know,
'Twould certainly amaze her.
They have no tresses unconfined,
Those cultured, bean-fed witches,
But work them up in twists behind,
Where Nature yields to switches.

And when the soft New England wind
Disturbs their locks with kisses,
It does not woo the twists behind,
But struggles with the frizzes;
It gently stirs the artful bang
That decks the brow—oh, sorrow!
To-night upon a chair 'twill hang,
'Tis donned again to-morrow

—Anon.

She—Don't put your arm around my neck;
You'll rumple all my ruffles.
He—Then let me kiss you without force,
And thus avoid all scuffles.
She—There is no sweetness in a kiss
Unless by force 'tis taken.
He—I know it.—There! O this is bliss!
This style of osculation.
She—My ruffles you have rumpled, love,
And put me in a flutter.
He—O never mind; I'll fix it, dove,
For I'm a Radjuster.

Our Story Teller.

Married in Haste.

"I demand this, because I consider marriage with such a girl as I know Violet Du Havne to be, the only hope left of reclaiming you from a life of dissipation. On no other condition will I advance the large sum for which you ask. In spite of all that has passed, your still affectionate mother, EUGENIA ARDEN."

The written page looked as hard and unchanging to Max's fancy as its author.

There was that bill which Hardy had indorsed for him falling due within three days. It would be total ruin to poor Hardy if it was not met. That must not be. He had drawn Hardy into this scrape, and he must see him harmless, at all risks to himself. Max strode up and down the room, biting his long, fair mustache.

Marriage! He had never seen his mother's ward. She had arrived at Arden after the estrangement between mother and son; but at all events there was no one else he wanted to marry.

What a lovely face was that girl's he had met at Mrs. Montfort's reception! She had made him feel like echoing Geraint's 'There, by God's grace, stands the one maid for me!"

"Pshaw!" shrugging his broad shoulders. "A man could not be in love with a girl he had talked to for one evening, whose very name he had failed to hear."

What use is reflecting? There was but one course open to him to save Hardy's honor and his own.

He sat down and dashed off in heavy black letters:

"MOTHER: You are using the power given you by my father's will—as you have always done—tyrannically. But I have no alternative—I accept your conditions on these terms: First, that the young lady be told that I am marrying as my only means of obtaining a sum of money which is a matter of life and death to me. Secondly, that the marriage take place to-morrow afternoon. I will run down to Arden on the 3 o'clock train. You can have a clergyman in the grand drawing room, who can unite the happy pair at once. Your son,
MAX ARDEN."

There never was a gloomier wedding. A heavy fall of snow had impeded the train, so that the early winter twilight was already falling when Max Arden stood in the great dim room by the side of his veiled bride.

The clergyman hurriedly repeated the solemn service. The responses were duly made, and it was done.

"Embrace your wife, my son," said Mrs. Arden, with a vain attempt at cheerfulness.

"Wife!" cried the young man, drawing himself up to his full height with a flash in his eyes. "I have no wife. This young lady understands the terms of our bargain. I have made her Mrs. Max Arden—to that you could compel me, mother—but no woman shall be wife in more than name to me whom I have not loved and chosen—aye, and wooed on my bended knees. Is my horse saddled, Stevens? I return to town to-night. In the future, as in the past, our paths lie separate."

* * * * * * *

Scene—the heart of the Black mountains. Time—September when they are at their loveliest. Dramatis personæ—for one, a tall young man, with a "wide awake" pushed back from his good looking, sunburnt face, a gun over his shoulder, but little thought of shooting in his mind. He was peering through the boughs at what? Only a girl whom he had once seen in town, and of late watched many times from his leafy covert, feeling, as Olivia says, "her perfections with an invisible and subtle stealth to creep in at his eyes."

She sat on the other side of the mountain brook, busily sketching; and as he watched, her sketch book fell into the little stream.

In a second he had sprung after it, fished it out, and was presenting it with a low bow, saying: "May I not claim acquaintance by virtue of this happy chance and our last meeting?"

"Our last meeting!" The young lady shrank from him in undisguised terror.

"Good heaven, Miss Harding! how have I alarmed you? Do I look like a tramp in my shooting clothes? Indeed I am respectable. My name is Arden—Max Arden; I had the honor of an introduction at Mrs. Montfort's reception last winter."

A sigh of relief, then hesitatingly:

"Oh, yes, I remember you quite well, Mr. Arden; but I—I—you must excuse me—I have heard of you since then, and—I—I—"

"You have heard of me; nothing to my credit, I fear," he said slowly, after waiting in vain for her to finish "and you wish to decline knowing me. Is it not so? Well, I must submit to your decision, bitterly as I regret it." Then he lifted his hat and left her.

Now which of his wild doings had come to her dainty ears and brought this blow upon him? for blow it was. He was surprised to find how severe a one. For after all, what did he know of her? And yet with unreasoning intensity, he longed to look into her face once more, perhaps inquire the reason of the soft, regretful gaze that had followed him as he turned away.

Patter! patter! Big drops broke in upon his meditations. A true pelting, blinding mountain storm was coming up. And Max Arden hastened to take refuge in a small cave he knew of. Was it kind chance or irony of fate? The cave was occupied. A sketch book, an umbrella, a slim serge clad figure presented themselves to his view. He began to retrace his steps.

"Don't go away," said the fair occupant, hastily.

"I would not force my company upon you," he returned stiffly.

'Pray, pray, don't let me drive you out into this pouring rain," she entreated; "you are punishing me severely for my late rudeness. I was so surprised and frightened then—I—I scarcely knew what I said."

She put out her hand to detain him.

Like a flash Arden's mind went back to the last time soft fingers had lain in his—on that strange bridal day.

"If you grant me shelter, it is equivalent to accepting my friendship," he said, allowing himself to be drawn into the cave, and seating himself so as to shield her from the rain which now began to beat in.

"Now, you might almost as well be outside as do that," said the girl reproachfully. "What a deluge it is!" peering out over his shoulder.

The damp air heightened her color and sent little rings of golden brown hair curling madly over her pretty forehead, her violet eyes shone, and her face—it was the fairest that e'er the sun shone on.

Max Arden thought so as he answered dreamily:

"I wish it could last forty days!"

"What a good conscience you must have!" gayly; "now, I should be too afraid of being drowned with the rest of the sinners."

"Miss Harding—"

"Who told you my name was Miss Harding?"

My guide, Luke Smith. He claims to know everything."

"He certainly seems to know a great deal."

"I am camping out near here, and seeing you so constantly, naturally inquired about you. It is a lonely spot to see a lady."

"I am staying at the Mountain house six miles from here," she explained. "I drive over every morning to sketch this lovely glen, and the carriage comes for me again at 4 o'clock. I should be going to meet it now but for the rain."

"Blessed rain!" murmured Max.

The young lady frowned and appeared to regret the momentary intimacy into which she had been drawn. There was a few minutes' silence while she turned over the contents of her portfolio. Once more nature favored Max. The wind blew a loose sketch at his feet, which he looked at in amazement.

"Why, it's me!" he cried, exultant and ungrammatical, "and a capital likeness, too."

"You—you are quite mistaken in—in any conclusions you may draw," stammered Miss Harding, blushing, and clothed with shame as with a garment. "You need not imagine I sketched you because—that is—you are not to think—anything."

"I don't. My mind is entirely vacant except for a strong desire to possess my portrait. You probably do not prize it very highly."

"I do not prize it at all."

"And I would give—even unto the half of my kingdom for it."

"Would you give that ring that looks like a heirloom."

Instantly it lay in her hand.

"Oh, no! I was only jesting. I cannot take it.'

"You must. You named your price and I agreed, so the bargain is concluded. It is an heirloom, as you supposed; and I rejoice to see it in your possession. I always meant"—losing his head a little as he gazed at her flower-like face—"to give it to the girl I loved: but now—"

"Well, now?" she echoed softly, with averted face.

"Now, I may never tell my love, because,"—with an effort—"I am a married man."

"Mr. Arden!"—angrily—"because of that foolish sketch you think that—You say this as a warning—"

"A warning to myself, perhaps."

"As if you needed any?"

"You are right. I am past that."

He buried his face in his hands. There was a long silence. Then the girl said, in an altered voice:

"The rain has stopped; I think I will go."

* * * * * *

Max Arden stood on the dark veranda of the Mountain house listening to strains of music from the ball room, and watching the dancers dancing in time for queen among them moved the girl he loved. How more than fair she looked in her white evening dress.

Presently she seemed laughingly to dismiss her little court, and came out alone upon the veranda. Max stepped forward. He had to apologize for startling her, but he was afraid she was sick, he said, as he had not seen her for so long.

"Only a week," she answered, cheerfully. "It is my mother who was ill, but she has recovered now, thank you. So we are going to-morrow."

"Going where?" with an eagerness he could not repress.

"Why should I tell you, Mr. Arden?" with cold surprise.

"That I may follow you. By what right? Because I love you."

"So soon?"—incredulously.

"Ay; 'even so quickly one may catch the plague,'" he quoted with a bitter laugh. "And the pursuit of happiness is one of the inalienable rights of man, you know."

"But when man fancies his happiness to be a woman and she does like pursuit, has she no inalienable rights?" merrily.

"Do not jest with me."

She was silent for a moment. Then in soft, vibrating tones:

"No, I cannot jest. I have something serious to say to you, Mr. Arden. I, too, am married, and, alas! to a husband who casts me off. Hush and listen. I was persuaded into a hasty marriage, partly by love of his mother, partly, perhaps, by—interest in him, which she had educated me to feel. Besides, I met him accidently in society, had fancied I could—like him. Max, take your arm away. Believe me, I was not told by what means he was forced into marriage! What! kneeling to me, Max? Suppose some one should come. Do get up."

"Not till you forgive me."

"Well, in that case"—with pretended reluctance—"I had better forgive you at once."

* * * * * *

It is not five years since Max Arden married in haste, but he has not yet repented at his leisure—nor has his wife.

How he Won Her.

"Cecile!"

"Yes, papa."

She arose—a brown-eyed, brown-haired girl, with a rare grace and sweetness in her manner—and approached. Perceval Deadwood pushed aside the mass of papers that lay on the desk before him and gazed steadily, almost fiercely, at his daughter. She returned the gaze with a timid, hesitating May-corn look, while the rosy blushes of maiden modesty chased each other rapidly across her fair young features and leaped outward into the great beyond.

"What brings young Frelinghuysen here so often?" asked the old man.

"His feet, I suppose," was the answer in low shrinking tones. "I noticed that he had them with him the last time he called"—and the girl shrank instinctively against her bustle.

"I want no nonsense," replied her father. "I have called you here to talk about your future. You must make a wealthy marriage."

"Papa"

"Do not interrupt me," he continued. "I have spoken my piece, and have only to add that I am a Hard Man from Way back."

Sobbing as if her heart would break, Cecile went slowly to the sofa and sat down with a dull sickening thud.

She had broken her bustle.

Suddenly she arose. "I love Harold Frelinghuysen," she said, "and I will marry no other man."

Two minutes later she was doing up her back hair.

* * * *

"You are sure you love me?"

"Can you doubt me?" asked Harold.

"Yes," replied the girl, "I can, but I have decided not to"—and, kissing him warmly she went away.

* * * *

Spring in Coshocton.

Percival Deadwood is again seated at his desk.

"You expect young Frelinghuysen to-day?" he says to Cecile.

"Yes, papa."

Even while they are speaking the door opens and Harold enters.

"Have you come to redeem your promise?" asks the old man, scornfully.

"I have," is the reply, and Harold places $50,000 in bonds on the desk.

"How did you get this money, and where have you been all this winter?"

Drawing himself up proudly, Harold answered: "I am a retired sandbagger from Chicago."

Let a man clothe himself beneath his ability, his children according to his ability, and his wife above his ability.

Stars—The diamond headed pins which hold up the blue curtain that hides us from eternity.

A California Ex-Judge Spends His Vacation in the Sierras.

[Our readers will remember a very entertaining narrative entitled "A Trip into the Sierras," which appeared in this journal over a week ago. The following is a sequel to that article, describing life in the Sierra mountains.—ED.]

FERN DALE, (in the Sierras.)

In my former letter I gave a short account of my trip to my log "mansion house" of one room, having indeed a door place, but no door nor window, nor fire-place, nor chimney.

But do not imagine us unhappy for lack of these things. Far from it. We rather enjoy the situation from its very novelty, and some things were especially delightful. No clouds invaded the blue sky; no winds disturbed the serenity of the earth. No dews or chilly airs hinted of discomfort, and our position above the "appetite line," made us indifferent to those innumerable refinements of diet usually considered requisite to a well ordered table. We readily accepted the fare common with the woodsmen of that region, and after feasting sumptuously at a table which groaned beneath its generous dishes of boiled bacon and beans, fried ham and bacon, boiled potatoes, apple-sauce, and dutch-oven-salt-rising bread, an occasional beef roast, with black coffee and sugar, we were as supremely satisfied as if we had dined and wined at a first class hotel.

Next to the majestic beauty of the woods, which we never tired of admiring, the greatest novelty and attraction was the utter solitude and loneliness of Fern Dale. And this not only by day, but especially when the the night came; when the golden glory of the sun faded from the tips of the giant pines; and the half acre of sky overhead glittered with uncounted stars; then the deep and solemn silence which settled on mountain, forest and glen, was something to be remembered, but is beyond description.

Not a breath of air, not a moving leaf, not a murmur from the rivulet, not a sigh from the pensive pines; not a chirp of any dreaming bird, save once or twice during our stay, an unhappy owlet, far down the glen, uttered his complaints against the moon. Then silence would resume its reign, till the green plumes of the fir trees became gold again.

Like Robinson Crusoe, we had plenty of time on our hands and still we found many things that were useful to do.

Of logs and rocks I built an elevated platform against the granite crag, which was both fire-place and chimney. A smooth road was graded to the crystal pool, and out of some strong fir rails, a rustic bridge was made across the creek. Our dining table was manufactured from three twelve foot rails, supported by logs, and covered with split "shakes." It had a very hospitable look, I assure you, and would accommodate a very large family. A cupboard was made of similar materials, and planted against the back end of the cabin, outside nearest the fire, while the table stood mid-way between the fire and the cabin.

Unlike Robinson Crusoe, we had neighbors. The nearest were my two boys and their men, two hundred yards up the creek. Next, a mile off, over a small mountain, were three dry goods clerks, from our town, living in their "shake" cabin, amusing themselves by felling the great trees and making shakes for the Fresno market.

One mile still further north was a colony of Fresno invalids, camped at the edge of a bit of swamp meadow.

There was an Ohio lawyer, with his Arkansas wife, and one or two of their California children; a lady from the East, with daughter and son and two physicians with their wives.

Still beyond were other families in many directions, mostly occupied with the popular employment of making shakes, though some were idling the weeks away in quiet recuperation.

We took long walks through the wilderness, and once called on the dry goods clerks at "model camp," and the lawyer and the widow at "Moss Camp."

A fewdays later we received calls in return from the families of the lawyer and the widow. Our domicile being too small to accommodate us, we entertained them in royal style, by seating them all in a row on a fallen fir log which lay in front of the door.

Then we marshalled them about among the thickets and rocky ledges, bringing them at length to the place where a party of men were sawing and splitting one of the fallen pines, giving them a chance to see the novel sight of converting the huge logs into roofing material or shakes.

Thence, rambling homeward, we passed where the solid foundations of the earth remained loose, destitute of earth and trees. Here we saw, in this solid and primeval granite, the deeply excavated holes which the "digger Indian" had made; to grind, by pounding his bread stuffs of acorns and grass seeds in, but the red man himself was gone.

The sun now declining, we escorted our guests to the summit of the small mountain, beyond which was their camp, bade them farewell and made our way homeward in good time for supper.

On one occasion we received an invitation to witness the fall of one of the giant pines. We were assigned seats in the "dress circle," on the summit of a huge log, out of reach of flying limbs and other dangers.

The choppers had cut with their axes far into the side of the tree; while the eight-foot saw had cut a deep channel in the other, and now was rapidly deepening the fatal cut.

From time to time they stopped, and listened for the ominous tickings which announce a death wound. When at last they were heard, the saw was quickly withdrawn and taken to a place of safety. The crisis had come and the reign of the monarch was over.

With many a shriek and groan and crashing of its outstretched arms, it fell with a shock and thundering sound that filled the forest with echoes and was heard for miles in all directions.

The body of the tree was then measured and cut with axes and saws into proper lengths, about 34 inches, for working up, and when we next passed that way most of the stately trunk had disappeared, and in the vicinity was a confused mass of splintered bolts and blocks, and many a square, turret-like pile of shakes drying preparatory to their destined ride on the huge wagons down the grade to the toll-house and thence to Fresno city.

When we had been here about two weeks the first storm came. It was rain in the valley, but here it was snow. It was the first snow storm my daughter had ever seen. It was a source of great wonder and delight. By night-fall the highest trees as well as all the thickets, logs and rocks were covered with this mantle, rendering the forest indescribably beautiful. In the morning the scene was one of new and rare beauty, the whole wood glittering with diamonds sparkling in the sun. There were eight or nine inches of snow, the most of which disappeared in a day or two. It caused a rapid retreat of all the tourists and campers except my family, who were determined to stay as long as possible. There was a day or two of discomfort caused by the absence of a fire-place in our cabin and of a shelter over the fire at the granite rock; but the sky cleared quickly and a long spell of delightful weather followed to the end of the month, when we struck camp, piled our baggage again upon one of those huge wagons, took the toll-house stage for home, and duly alighted at our Fresno door, pleased and delighted with our mountain trip.

One grand result has followed, to wit: The unanimous passage of a resolution for all hands to go to the pine ridge in the Sierras as early as practicable next summer, and to spend the entire season, if possible, in our rustic and romantic mansion at Ferndale.

Old Jack in the Well.

From the Montezuma Weekly.

For twenty years an old man living in our county, whom we will call Jack Baldwin, has cultivated the soil and drawn therefrom a support for himself and wife; he is childless. Not long since Jack left his home in search of a missing cow. His route led him through an old worn out piece of clay land of about six acres in extent, in the centre of which was a well about thirty feet deep that at some time had probably furnished the inmate of a dilapidated house near by with water. In passing the spot an ill wind drifted Jack's hat from his head and maliciously wafted it to the edge of the well and in it tumbled. Now Jack had always practiced the virtue of economy, and he immediately set about recovering his hat. He ran to the well, and finding that it was dry at the bottom, he unrolled the rope which he had brought for the purpose of capturing the cow and after several attempts to catch the hat with a noose, he concluded to save time by going down into the well himself. To accomplish this he made fast one end of the rope to a stump hard by and was soon on his way down into the well. It was a fact of which Jack was less obvious than the reader hereof—that a mischievous fellow, whom we will call Neal Willis, was in the old building and saw Jack go down to the well, and it so happened that Jack's old blind horse was near by with a bell on his neck. The devil himself, or some other wicked spirit, put it into Neal's head to have a little fun; so he slipped up to the old horse, unbuckled the strap and approached the well with the bell in his hand, ting-a-ling. Jack thought the old horse was coming, and said in an audible tone: "Hang the old blind horse; he's coming this way sure, and he ain't got no more sense than to fall in here on me—wo, Ball!" But the sound of the bell came closer, and Jack was resting at the bottom of the well.

"Great Jerusalem!" said Jack; "the old blind fool will be right on top of me in a minit—wo, Ball—we, haw, Ball!" Just then Neal got close to the well and kicked a little dirt on Jack's head. Jack thought Ball was about to come, got close to the side of the well and began to pray: "Oh, Lord, have mercy on—wo, Ball—a poor sinner—I'm going now—wo, Ball—Our Father who art in—wo, Ball—heaven hallowed be Thy—jee! Ball, jee! what'll I do?—name. Now I lay me down to sl—jee, Ball, out of your livers! (just then in fell more dirt) back, Ball; Oh, Lord, if you ever intend to do anything for me—back, Ball, wo, wo—Thy kingdom come—jee, Ball—Oh, Lord, you know that I was baptised in Smith's mill dam—wo, Ball, hol'up! murder! wo—farewell worked."

Neal could hold out no longer and showed himself at the top of the well, with a big horse laugh which might have been heard two miles. This was more than Jack could bear and he started up the rope like a monkey. "Blast your picture, I'll give you fits; I'd make your ears ring more'n that bell." Neal took to his heels and ran like a quarter-horse, and the last that was seen of him he was half a mile from the well with two big dogs grabbing at his coat and Jack close behind him.

It is believed that before long a restaurant insurance company will be formed to take risks on men being choked to death by suspender buttons, cloth and other things which are popular in restaurant satire.

All Sorts.

It is a clever speculator that gets a soft snap on hard times.

When a woman loses the truth, it is as if the light went out of a sapphire.

The habit of realizing the past is essential to that of idealizing the present.

The real glove fight occurs when a woman tries to put a No. 6 glove on a No. 7 hand.

Zion's destinies are embedded into the throne of God, and knitted into the heart of Christ.

"Crushed strawberry" is a new color which will probably be worn by the creme de la creme.

The man who went on a fool's errand was probably performing one of his own commissions.

A correspondent wishes to know if the "Lay on Macduff," was one of Shakespeare's earlier poems.

The Prince of Wales has apparently been trying to start a daily newspaper. He is said to be $3,000,000 in debt.

One of the leaders of the Delaware senate is Dr. Musterd. He draws well and is reckoned a very smart man.

For an example of pure and unalloyed contempt take a barber's opinion of the man who is growing a full beard.

A professor was lecturing on "After Man—What?" A listener remarked that it was generally "the Sheriff, or some women."

De wust whippin' dat a feller gits is from the man what doan' wan'ter fight. De wasp is mighty quiet, but his sting is awful.

If David Davis should cross the ocean, the stewards might not avoid him but they would be apt to give him a wide berth.

"Good morning, Mr. Brown; you're first at last; you used to be behind before, but I notice you have been early of late."

"Penny wise, pound foolish," soliloquized the man in church, and then he put the penny in the box and the pound in his pocket.

John Denlinger, Lancaster, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters afforded me great relief when suffering from a weak and broken down constitution."

The time is ripe now for making strawberry short cake. A reasonable excuse could be found for the strawberry short peculiarity of such cake.

"Now, tell me candidly, are you guilty?" asked a lawyer of his client. "Why, do you suppose I'd be fool enough to hire you if I was innocent?"

"Revolutionists," said Dumas, "are a good deal like the street-sprinklers. They can make it muddy sunshine, but they can't make sunshine when it is muddy."

Young ladies who are pining to paint "flower pieces" are reminded that the flour piece that is most attractive to the marrying man is a batch of good bread.

The hilarious gentlemen who are now traveling about the State are not minstrel companies, or detachments of the Salvation Army. They are simply legislative committees.

A bouncing wild cat was killed in the suburbs of Cincinnati the other day, and several thousand men of Cincinnati stayed at home the next evening for the first time in three years.

A Vermont man the other day aimed a gun at a crow, pulled the trigger and the bird fell. It may be added that it was a tame crow, and the man did't know the gun was loaded.

"What can I do for you to induce you to go to bed now?" asked a mamma of her five-year-old boy. "You can let me stay up a little longer," was the youngster's response.

A ghost made its appearance in Evansville the other night and ran against a bulldog. A critical and unprejudiced observer says that heaven only knows which of the two was most scared.

An exchange contains an article entitled "Curious Facts About Precious Stones." One of the most curious facts about them is their elusiveness—their hard-to-get-ableness, so to speak.

They are raising a row with a young man in New Jersey who was engaged to marry thirteen different girls. If he doesn't keep his promises the girls must blame the law for it. He probably meant to.

What she played: "Mamma, are you an actress? Do you ever play?" "No," my dear; why do you ask me?" "Because," said the little innocent, "I heard papa say he came home late from the club last night and you played h—l."

"Why," said Mulligan to a coffin man the other day, "are you below a thief?" "Me beneath a thief," said the coffin man, half indignant, "I really don't know; why am I?" "Oh, because," said Mulligan, "the thief's a taker, and you are undertaker."

At a wedding in New York the organist raised a laugh by playing as the bridal party left the church that familiar and suggestive tune: "Now You're Married, You Must Obey." He didn't think he was so smart though, after the bride's brother had let him go.

Minister Hannibel Hamlin is home. Minister John Russell Young is coming home, and Minister Sergent wants to come. Somehow the glitter of foreign courts never can take the place of American buckwheat cakes and pumpkin pies in the winter season.

Miscellaneous.

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Invalids, broken down in health and spirits by chronic dyspepsia, or suffering from the terrible exhaustion that follows an attack of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a miracle from a similar state by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is a sure guarantee that by the same means you, too, may be strengthened and restored.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Guenther's Lung Healer,

IMPROVE THE HOUR For the cure of

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Spitting of Bood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest, Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.
Price 25c., 50c. and $1 00.
Ask your Druggist for it.
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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans Court of Centre county. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans Court to pass upon exceptions filed to the account of Burdign Butler, guardian of the minor children of Thomas Brown, deceased, will meet all parties in interest for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, March 8, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, where all concerned may attend. JNO. G. LOVE,
8 3t Auditor.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

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Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST,
Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE,
Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD,
Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

STITZER & MAGEE,
Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D.
Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

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Literature and the Tariff.

The opponents of the tariff, says the Philadelphia *Press*, sooner or later will come to acknowlege that to a protective tariff the prosperity of the United States is owing. Everybody admits that the tariff has developed American manufactures, but the free traders have used every effort to persuade the farmers and persons who receive no direct advantage from the tariff that it takes money out of their pockets in order that the few may be benefited.

The practical advantages of a tariff in this country are tangible and visible. The advantages of free trade are theoretical, and are to be seen only in literature. The cause of literary free trade has just received a somewhat discouraging dash of cold water from Oliver Wendell Holmes, the poet Whittier and the editor of the *Atlantic Monthly*, T. B. Aldrich.

These authors unite in a remonstrance against any reduction of the tariff on books below 25 per cent. They say with distinctness and emphasis that American literature is dependent upon the prosperity of the publishers and has consequently been fostered by a protective tariff. They affirm their belief that higher literature will be discouraged unless the tariff on books be maintained. They look into the future and foretell the disadvantages to the country in a rising generation guided by books written by foreigners.

This protest of three of the most famous men of letters in America is a most important and striking admission of the far reaching benefits of the system of protection. The authors of the remonstrance do not meanly appeal to Congress to take pity upon their own cases but they ask that the generations which must hereafter shape the destinies of the country shall be considered and cared for. American manufactures, agriculture, labor and literature must stand or fall together. It is America against an overcrowded East. Will the present Congress leave the barriers burned behind them?

An Adventurer's Narrow Escape.

Dr. Hope, an adventurous Georgian, descended alone on Sunday to see Tallulah Falls. Starting from Lovers' Leap he went up the river along the brink, and then decided to go around under Devil's Pulpit, ascending about 100 feet. He continued his journey until he got directly under the Pulpit, when, to his amazement, he found that he could go no further, and turning around discovered no way of retreat.

Twelve hours later, Dr. Hope not having returned, search was made, and about 10 o'clock that night, after the entire party was wearied with fruitless travel and had decided that he had found a watery grave, a small light was seen on the narrow ledge—three or four feet wide and about 400 feet from the top of the pulpit, and 100 feet above the water. It seemed impossible to rescue him alive, and after several attempts to get within calling distance the party decided that they would be obliged to wait until morning. At daybreak, armed with ropes, refreshments and code of signals, they again started on their perilous mission.

From the top of the cliff the doctor could be seen, a mere spec, clinging to an almost perpendicular wall. Five men taking ropes, worked their way down until they got within fifty feet of him, and then threw him a line. The way the doctor grabbed that rope showed that he was still in possession of his remarkable nerve, and without a moment's hesitation, he made fast one end of the line to a stump. After reading a note of instruction, he made necessary preparation and quickly descended to the bottom, where he found the rest of the rescuers ready to receive him with open arms.

Washington's Strength.

Great Commanders have not, as a rule, been notable for the possession of extraordinary physical power. Washington was an exception, being a man of great strength. In his youth he was once a looker on at a wrestling contest, and growing weary of the sport threw himself at the foot of a tree to enjoy his book. By and by he was challenged to try a fall with the hero of the occasion. At first he declined, but finding his refusal attributed to fear, he entered the arena, and, without taking off his coat, grappled with his opponent, and after a brief struggle hurled him to the ground with such force that the best wrestler in Virginia was in much the same predicament as the Duke's wrestler when he tried conclusions with Orlando. Later on in life, while watching some young fellows contending at throwing the bar, Washington asked to be allowed to try what he could do; and grasping the bar, sent it flying through the air, to land many feet beyond the limit attained by any of the competitors. And still later, when he might be said to be getting old, he showed that he had not lost his strength of arm. Taking a morning ride he saw three of his workmen vainly endeavoring to raise a large stone. Jumping off his horse, he pushed the men aside, and without any apparent effort, lifted the stone to its proper place and then remounting, rode on.

The young man who practices on the trombone in the back yard is not a "private tooter." At least not as private as his neighbors desire.

Medical.

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the **Cause** must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

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of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and connections said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.
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A great many people are asking what particular troubles BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is good for.

It will cure Heart Disease, Paralysis, Dropsy, Kidney Disease, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all similar diseases.

Its wonderful curative power is simply because it purifies and enriches the blood, thus beginning at the foundation, and by building up the system, drives out all disease.

A Lady Cured of Rheumatism.

Baltimore, Md., May 7, 1880.
My health was much shattered by Rheumatism when I commenced taking Brown's Iron Bitters, and I scarcely had strength enough to attend to my daily household duties. I am now using the third bottle and I am regaining strength daily, and I cheerfully recommend it to all.
I cannot say too much in praise of it. MRS. MARY E. BRASHEAR, 173 Prestman st.

Kidney Disease Cured.

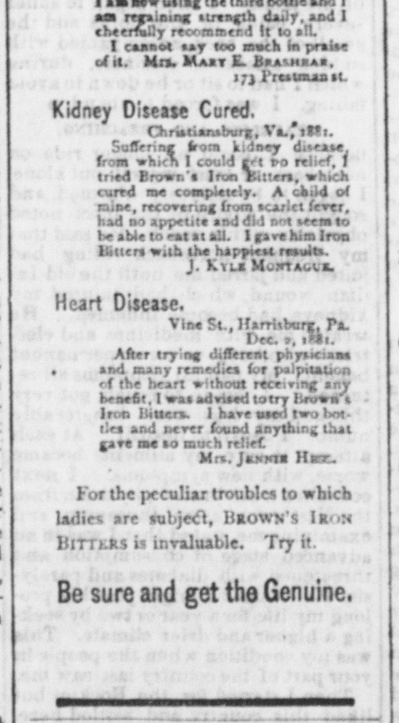
Christiansburg, Va., 1881.
Suffering from kidney disease, from which I could get no relief, I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, which cured me completely. A child of mine, recovering from scarlet fever, had no appetite and did not seem to be able to eat at all. I gave him Iron Bitters with the happiest results.
J. KYLE MONTAGUE.

Heart Disease.

Vine St., Harrisburg, Pa.
Dec. 2, 1881.
After trying different physicians and many remedies for palpitation of the heart without receiving any benefit, I was advised to try Brown's Iron Bitters. I have used two bottles and never found anything that gave me so much relief.
MRS. JENNIE HEEL.

For the peculiar troubles to which ladies are subject, BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is invaluable. Try it.

Be sure and get the Genuine.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& CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

O. M'Clintock & Co.

Manufacturers' Agents and Jobbers in

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
RUGS, Etc.

We invite the attention of the trade to the inducements we offer.

We have the largest and strongest lines in all grades we have ever offered to the trade. We handle only standard makes. We will sell at the lowest Jobbers' Prices. We guarantee prompt delivery.

O. M'Clintock & Co.

33 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

14-6 4td&wj30

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP.

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, in Ferguson township, on the Humes and McAllister farm, about the 1st of November, 1882, a black Bull with white stripes on back and a white tail. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away or it will be disposed of according to law.
D. H WEAVER.
Pine Grove Mills, Feb. 2, 1883. *15-6-3t

15 1-12t

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUBLE TREATISE on the disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM,
15 6 8t 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-21tf

MOTHERS, READ THIS!

STOKE RIDGE, N. Y.
VAN DEUSEN BROS.—Dear Sirs: Your Worm Confections have been invaluable to us. Our little boy, two years old, discharged over thirty worms in a few days, using only a few of your Worm Confections. I am glad to bear testimony to the value of Van Deusen's Worm Confections. Yours, REV. J. L. SCHAFE.
Try them—25c. per box.
VAN DEUSEN BROS., Kingston, N. Y.
15 6 4t

FREE 225 USEFUL ARTICLES, BEAUTIFUL FINE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Book, to all who send their address, stamp for postage and packing. Mention this paper. T. B. ARBUCKLE & CO., NEW YORK

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA,

For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Eagleville Station, Centre Co., Pa.

FRANK R. STOVER, PROPRIETOR.

Convenient to depot. Meals at all hours Good stock of C gars always on hand. 14-50-3m

MARYLAND FARMS.—Book and Map *free*, by C E. SHANAHAN, Att'y, Easton, Md. 15 6 4t

Miscellaneous.

TUTT'S PILLS

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.
Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF
A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

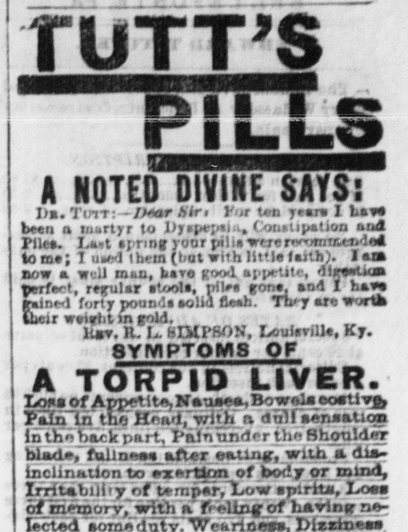
Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents.
Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 35 Murray St., New York.
(DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

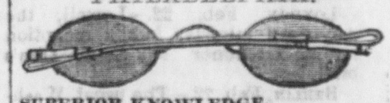
For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address
R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r, E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.
CHICAGO.
14-34-1y

QUEEN & CO.

THE GREAT OPTICIANS,
924 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.



SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE,
SUPERIOR SKILL,
SUPERIOR LENSES and
SUPERIOR FACILITIES

For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.

LOST SIGHT NEVER RETURNS.

Do not trifle with your eyes by taking UNSUITABLE GLASSES.

Catalogues as follows sent on application:—Part 1—Mathematical Instruments, 162 pages. Part 2—Optical Instruments, 186 pages. Part 3—Magic Lanterns, 112 pages. Part 4—Philosophical Instruments, 160 pages.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders by mail at regular prices

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. jan1 d6mawly

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12lin'thistp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Bold Robbers.

POTTSVILLE, Feb. 22.—Joseph Pinter is a night watchman at Yuengling's brewery, and is away from home at nighr. When he came home yesterday morning early he was astounded to see his wife, who is 53 years old and who remains in the house alone, lying on the floor in a dying condition. Her hands were tied behind her back. A handkerchief was found stuffed into her mouth. Her nostrils had been filled with paper. She was unable to move and was very weak. When released from her bonds she could not rise or stand without assistance and blood gushed from her nose. She was at once placed in a bed, where she now lies in a pitiable condition. It appears that before Mrs. Pinter went to bed she walked through the house, in order to see that everything was in order for the night, when, suddenly, she was seized by a man. To prevent her from making an outcry he tied a handkerchief between her teeth. The fellow then unlocked a front door of the house and admitted an accomplice. The two bound the woman as described. They found $9, it is said, on the premises, and with this decamped. They did the woman no further injury than to bind and gag her, and then leave her lying on the floor, where she remained during the long hours of the night, enduring physical pain and mental anguish of the most terrible character. The burglars are still at large.

Honoring Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Both houses of congress are in session, but, with this exception, Washington's birthday is being generally observed. All the executive departments, district officers, and banks are closed, and the courts have adjourned over until to-morrow. The Oldest Inhabitants' association held a meeting this morning, at which Washington's farewell address was read and an oration delivered. This afternoon the District militia will parade and be reviewed by the president and General Sherman.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Lowell, the American minister, held a reception to-day in honor of Washington's birthday.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The usual Washington's birthday festivities were observed to-day.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Business is practically suspended to-day. The exchanges and banks are closed. The custom house was open for a short time in the morning for the entry and clearance of vessels. The courts are shut up. The postoffice closed early in the morning.

The Next Solar Eclipse.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Arrangements have been completed by the national academy of science for the scientific expedition to Caroline and Flint Islands for the purpose of witnessing the solar eclipse, which is to take place in May next. The principal members of the party to go on the expedition are Professor Holden, of the Madison observatory; Ensign Brown, United States navy; Mr. Upton, signal corps, and Mr. Preston, of the coast survey. They will start from New York on Wednesday next on board a merchant vessel bound for Panama, where they will take an ocean steamer to call at Peru, and from thence they will proceed on board a United States man-of-war to Caroline Island, in the South Pacific.

A Murderer Frightened to Death.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 23.—A special to the *Eagle* from Newaygo says Manuel Lenhart, one of the men charged with the murder of old man Baldman, a few weeks since, was found dead in jail this morning. There was a dance in Brooks' house, near by, last night, and it is supposed Lenhart mistook the noise for preparations for lynching, and died of fright. Lenhart's wife and Hulmer, the other man charged with the same murder, are both alive and doing well.

Collapse of a Church Bank.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 25.—The Augustinian society, of this city, of which Rev. C. A. McEnery is superior, a savings institution connected with the St. Mary's Catholic church, has collapsed, and nearly half a million dollars have been lost by the deluded depositors. The matter has been kept quiet for several days, the manager hoping to arrive at a settlement and avert the notoriety which must follow the exposure, but yesterday the trouble culminated by the attachment of the real estate of the Augustinian society, to secure Mrs. Elizabeth Ryley $3,000 and Dennis McKenna $5,000. The actual debt of the society, is in round figures, $540,000. Deducting mortgages to the amount of $110,000, there remains due the depositors $429,900. This disaster is not of recent cause. When the society was first formed the Catholics began to deposit their savings with Francis O'Donnell, whose death occurred in 1861, and a deficit of $150,000 is said to have existed then. The interest paid has always been large, equalling or exceeding six per cent., and, as the deposits have not generally been well invested the result has been that a considerable portion has been paid out in interest. By far the greatest cause, however, is found in the fact that in 1872 the society, then having a debt of $150,000, began the erection of a new church, adding to the debt $300,000, using the money of the depositors to meet this amount, with the exception of $84,000, which was raised by subscription.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 25.—The Roman Catholic churches under the control of the Augustinian Fathers were crowded at each service to-day. At St. Mary's church Rev. C. E. McEnery, superior of the American branch of the Augustinian order, said it was proposed to soon to give a detailed statement of the church finances. The society would leave nothing undone to meet their obligations.

Rev. Mr. Carr, of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, told his people that the society would not repudiate its debts, but would pay dollar for dollar. If they had patience and would contribute as Catholics they would get their money in a short time.

Rev. Mr. Ryan, of St. Lawrence's church, gave the same advice and said there would be a dividend paid to the depositors yearly and perhaps oftener. The debt was not incurred by the present heads of the parishes, but the responsibilities would be met.

Prisoners attempt to Escape.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 23.—A telegram from Jefferson City says the convicts in the penitentiary had just returned to their shops from dinner to-day when a preconcerted mutiny broke out in the harness shop of Strauss & Co. Four convicts seized Vanhorn, the foreman of the collar shop, and told him to remain quiet. Four other convicts seized Snyder, the foreman of the harness shop, and stripped him of his clothes. John B. Johnson, the ringleader, a highway robber serving a sentence of twelve years, ran into the department where the horse collars are stuffed and set a lot of loose straw on fire. In a moment the building with its shops—harness, collar and whip—was on fire. Great confusion ensued. The guards ran in with the hose and were met by the convicts, who cut the hose. The ringleader, Johnson, then made an effort to escape over the walls, but despite the fact that he had a knife and a club he was captured and put in a dungeon. His seven companions were also confined in dark cells. The fire was got under control but not until the following shops were completely destroyed: Strauss & Co.'s harness shop, collar shop and whip factory, loss $100,000; Gienck's boot and shoe shop, $90,000; Mysenburg's shoe shop, $30,000, the state weaving and the state machine shop, $40,000, and the Excelsior loom factory, $20,000. The total loss, with damage to minor state buildings, will reach $300,000.

Injured in a Mine Explosion.

MT. CARMEL, Feb. 25.—Yesterday afternoon a terrific explosion of sulphur occurred at the Green Ridge (Pa.) colliery, seriously burning Charles Breslin, Martin Brennan and Thomas Gallagher. Brennan had gone up to the face of the breast to examine it. His lamp ignited the large body of gas as soon as it reached the face. Brennan was precipitated down the breast and was horribly burned about the face and body. Gallagher and Breslin were blown through the heading into another breast. Breslin's clothes were all burned. He cannot recover. Gallagher and Brennan may live. All are married. They did not know of the presence of gas in the breast.

The Insult to the Flag.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The secretary of state has received a letter from Captain Hess, commanding the steamer Valencia, corroborating the published accounts of the firing on that vessel in the port of Curacoa. No information has yet been received from the United States consul at Curacoa, who was on the Valencia at the time of the occurrence.

Disposing of the Public Money.

WASHINGTON, February 23.—The senate to day passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill and agreed to the conference report on the consular and diplomatic bill. The Utah bill was then taken up, but owing to the absence of a quorum no progress was made and the senate at 10 p. m. adjourned.

Wholesale Poisoning.

STAUNTON, Va., Feb. 25.—A terrible and mysterious case of poisoning occurred at the Western lunatic asylum yesterday which resulted in the almost instantaneous death of seven male patients. About breakfast time Nelson Andrews, an attendant, informed Dr. R S. Hamilton, the superintendent, that "Young Wilkins had dropped dead" about half-past 7, immediately after taking his medicine. Before Dr. Harrison left the news reached him that four or five more patients had died. It was found on inquiry that the morning medicine had been mixed as usual, about half-past 5 p. m., and taken to the attendants' rooms, where it was locked up until about half past 7 a. m., when it was taken out and administered to the patients. The medicines were prepared, as has always been the custom, in the prescription room of the asylum, on this occasion by Dr. W. H. Butler, one of the assistant physicians. The poison must have been sprinkled by a malicious or insane person indiscriminately over the medicine. It was of the most deadly character, as evidenced by the rapidity of its action, and was described by one of the patients just before he died as "burning like fire down his throat and insides." The excitement in this city over the terrible affair is intense and the concern and embarrassment of the officers of the asylum, all of whom are new men appointed by the new readjuster administration, is beyond expression. Those of the patients who have been able to get news of the affair are in a painful state of terror, which adds to the distressing character of the surroundings and complicates the embarrassments of the experienced officers and attendants. Professor J. W. Mellet, of the University of Virginia, one of the most eminent chemists in the country, has been telegraphed for. The following are the names of the patients whose death occurred within ten minutes after the taking of the poison: Thomas W. Adams, London, aged 40 years; J. M. Holman, Spottsylvania; John W. Hines, Bath; Isaac F. Spevvy, an aged man who was convalescent and would have returned to his family, who are said to be wealthy, in a few days.

A Gala Day.

FREDERICK, Md., Feb. 23.—The greatest carnival and trades display that has ever been witnessed in Maryland took place here yesterday. Business throughout the city was entirely suspended and many of the buildings along the line of march were decorated with flags and bunting. The early morning trains from all points in the state kept pouring in streams of visitors, and it was estimated that there were between 15,000 and 20,000 strangers here to day. At 11 20 o'clock President Arthur, accompanied by the members of the cabinet, arrived at the Baltimore and Ohio depot, and were met by a select committee. Mayor Moberly extended the hospitality of the city, and an address of welcome was made by Colonel L. Victor Baughman, editor of the *Citizen*, after which the guests were escorted to the City hotel. At 2 o'clock the formation of the carnival began but the magnitude of the display had assumed such gigantic proportions that it was near 3 o'clock before the procession could be started. When all preparations had been consummated the right of line was started from East Church street. All the principal streets of the city were paraded. It is estimated that at least 2,000 characters in masks were in line.

An Unpopular Railway.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—The Chicago and Evanston railroad, built some seven years ago, and running through a populous district in the northwestern portion of the city, was the scene of a riot at 12 o'clock last night. About two hundred men, well organized, and composed chiefly of Bohemian, Swedish and Polish laborers, marched to the locality known as Goose Island, near which the road passes, and, beginning at Fullerton's avenue, proceeded to tear up the tracks of the road for five hundred feet. A large detail of police was called and soon dispersed the rioters, making no arrests. The Chicago and Evanston railroad had met with much opposition from the residents of that part of the city through which it ran. Several attempts have been made to tear up the track heretofore.

Business Failures.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The suspension of Hatch & Peters is announced from the stock exchange. The business failures reported to R. G. Dunn & Co.'s mercantile agency for the past seven days are 230, as compared with 254 the previous week. Of these 68 occurred in the Western States, 54 in the Southern, 35 in the Middle, 22 in New England, 18 in the Pacific coast States and the territories, 5 in New York city, and 28 in Canada and the provinces. It is said the suspension of Hatch & Peters was on account of the defalcation of Cashier George Thompkins, who embezzled and gambled away between $75,000 and $100,000 of the firm's funds. The firm recovered about $16,000 from gamblers. The failure is so small that no serious damage will result.

A Bark Wrecked.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—A Port Townsend dispatch says: The bark C. L. Taylor left yesterday for San Francisco. Fifty miles outside Cape Flattery she was thrown on her beam ends by a squall. Her masts being cut away, she righted. Captain Bergman's son was washed overboard and drowned. His wife was killed in the cabin. Part of the crew reached Vancouver's island in a boat. The others were taken off the wreck by the bark Arcturus, and brought here.

ELDER MOSE KITE.

HIS HAIR-BREADTH ESCAPES FROM SEEN AND UNSEEN FOES.

Troy Kansas Chief, Jan. 18, 1883.

Most of our older citizens well remember Mose Kite (who lived in Petersburg Bottem), the hero of our state's early political history, who was of stalwart build and powerful physique; who in 1858 led a colony of our people to Pike's Peak; who fought the Indians on the plains and was shot through the body; who on his return here after the rebellion was converted and baptised by Elder Henshall, of the Christian church at Petersburg Bottom, and became a revival preacher of celebrity all through this section. They will also recall the fact that, attacked with consumption and reduced to a skeleton, he was obliged to remove to the Rockies in the hope of saving his life. None thought he would succeed. Last fall, however, the editor of this paper met him at the head of the Republican river, bigger and more robust than ever. "Why, I thought you had died of consumption long, long ago, Elder."

"Me? I never had consumption, man! though people thought that was what ailed me, and I thought so myself. But the doctors had sent me on a wild-goose chase after a dozen other diseases, just as fatal, and this was the wildest one of all."

The good Elder then recounted to us, in a charming vein, his many adventures in the rough and ready life he had led. "But," he said, "remarkable as you may think my warlike life to have been, I have a much more interesting story to tell you."

"You know what a rough, noisy fellow I used to be; and I could stand any hardship. Why, on a wager, I have knocked down an ox and a mule with my fist. I have fought ruffians, border outlaws and Indians; but I was

DOGGED FOR YEARS

by a more dangerous unseen enemy that was ever getting me more completely in his clutches. I was shot at by an Indian in a fight on the plains, but the wound healed readily and gave me but little trouble. After I returned to Kansas and commenced preaching, I first began to give way. I had a dull feeling, accompanied with a pain in the right side. Dr. Butler, our family physician, said my liver was out of order, caused by the malaria of the bottoms. I had always had an appetite like an ostrich, but my digestion became seriously impaired. While on the circuit, preaching, I consulted a doctor, who said I had dyspepsia. After that, distressing palpitation of the heart followed, and the physician said this was caused by my indigestion and diseased liver which would probably terminate fatally. Sometimes I had a ravenous appetite, at others none at all. I was feverish and then chilly. My food seemed to do me no good. A specialist told me I had a tape worm! Then I was troubled with unusual quantities of water and a frequent desire to urinate, which was done with difficulty and great pain. The specialist said I had a touch of the gravel, caused by use of the alkaline water of the plains. I then began to suffer severe pains in the loins and the small of the back, accompanied with sudden attacks of dizziness, during which I had to sit or lie down to avoid falling. I was forced to abandon

TRAVELING AND PREACHING,

because I could no longer ride on horseback or trust myself out alone. I began to be seriously alarmed, and sought the advice of the most noted physician within reach. He said that my frequent horseback riding had joited and jarred me until the old Indian wound, which had injured my kidneys, had become inflamed. He treated me with medicines and electricity also, but gave me no permanent benefit. My painful symptoms all returned. I began to cough, got very thin and my legs were disagreeably numb. I began to despair. At each attempt to cure, my ailments became worse, with new symptoms. I next consulted a celebrated physician from the East, who, after thumping and examining me, stated that I was in an advanced stage of consumption and threatened with diabetes and paralysis. He thought I might possibly prolong my life for a year or two by seeking a higher and drier climate. This was my condition when the people in your part of the country last saw me.

Then I started for the Rockies but liked this country and settled here. At first the change helped me, but about three years ago the benefit ceased. Then I failed so rapidly that I could be out of bed only part of each day. All my old symptoms returned. At this crisis a party of eastern gentlemen,

ON A BUFFALO HUNT,

made my house their headquarters. In the party was a Dr. Wakefield, who informed me that I had a bad case of incurable Bright's Disease, and gave me a preparation which might, he said, ease me for a few weeks or months, but that was the best that could be done. Around the bottle was a newspaper. Now a newspaper was a rarity in our home, and I sat in my chair looking it over when my eye providentially fell upon an article relating a most wonderful cure of Bright's disease—the very malady that was killing me—by the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure (of Rochester, N. Y.) Convinced that further delay would be fatal, and everything else failing, the next morning I dispatched one of my boys to the nearest railroad station, many miles distant, to obtain a bottle of the Safe Cure. The druggist said the demand for the Cure was so great he could not keep it in stock, and he had to send to Kansas City for more. It was more than a week before it arrived, and I was daily getting weaker. But it came at last, and I at once began to take it. When I told Dr. Wakefield what I was taking, he gave me a look, half of scorn, half of pity, as much as to say,

'POOR FELLOW!

he is putting his trust in a humbug.' Nevertheless I persevered and for the past year and a half I have been as stout and as rugged as I ever was in my life. After escaping the attacks of Indians and half a dozen doctors, I was lying at the mercy of a still more dreadful foe that was about giving me the finishing blow, when that great remedy stepped in, slew my adversary and placed me firmly on my feet once more. I have commenced preaching again, for I look upon the circumstances and manner of my cure as a direct interposition of Providence, and to Providence are my services due. That is my story. I think it is as good as a romance—and much better, for it is true."

Such is the substance, and very nearly the language of Elder Kite's narrative. Those who read it, and are suffering, may benefit by his experience, if they will follow his example.

Accidentally Poisoned.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 21.—A Corsicana, Texas, special says: The family of William Bush, living twelve miles northeast of here, was poisoned by having morphine administered instead of quinine. The mother and three children died from the effects. The mistake arose from having morphine by the side of quinine on a mantlepiece in the same sized bottle.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Philipsburg Pickings.

The Primitive Methodists are about organizing a congregation in Philipsburg.

The party of young ladies and gentlemen who visited the hospitable home of John T. Fowler, Esq., at Fowler Station, on Thursday evening, enjoyed themselves heartily. Music of a delightful nature was furnished by a Lock Haven orchestra and all went merry as a marriage bell.

Mr. Thos. Doyle conducts an excellent meat market in a neatly constructed building on the site of the building formerly occupied by Mr. John Russ.

The Arch Street Minstrels, the same company that gave such a pleasing entertainment in Bellefonte on Wednesday evening, also visited Philipsburg on Saturday evening. At this writing we have not learned what success they met with, but have no doubt their superior performances were highly appreciated,

Miss Ada Guss, of Philipsburg, entertained a select party of acquaintances on Wednesday evening, the 14th. It was difficult to decide which was the sweeter—the music rendered by the several musicians who were present or the taffy which was the source of so much merriment, when it was subjected to the pulling process.

It is regretted that so large a number of Philipsburg property owners demand such high rent for their tenant houses. It is one of the agencies that injures the prosperity of a town and keeps away the industrious mechanic and laboring man.

Robert Hudson, whose fame as a skillful sadler is known even beyond the boundaries of Philipsburg, has removed into the new brick building on Presquiesle street. His endeavors to extend the limits of usefulnes will be appreciated by the public.

Messrs. J. H. Crissman and Chas. Murray, who are connected with the firm of Hoover, Hughes & Co., have recently been promoted—the latter to the position of shipping clerk and the former to that of assistant to Mr. Hoover.

—Ho! ho! ho! for the Bee Hive to see their new stock of body and tapestry Brussels carpet. The best assortment ever brought to town and the cheapest prices ever known.

—A Boston paper publishes a story to the effect that a wealthy lady of that place became suddenly in destitute circumstances, and also lost her husband by death, thus throwing her upon her own resources. She thought long and earnestly of how to make a livelihood, and at last concluded to turn her knowledge of culinary skill to account by making preserves and pickles for the market. She began with a small quantity of each, prepared with her own hand, which she sold profitably. She increased her business every year until it grew into mammoth proportions. Now she is at the head of a great establishment in New York city and has an income of $10,000 a year from the sale of pickels and preserves. Her goods are acknowledged to be very superior and we doubt not that Sechler & Co., grocers, of this place, often have them for sale. The uniform excellency of every article sold at that store would lead us to that conclusion. Sechler's trade also increases amazingly, and the two establishments under his control—grocery and meat market—are by degrees monopolizing the entire trade of Centre county. When people know where to get first-class articles they will patronize that store.

—No city made harness is more desirable or elegant than that manufactured by James Schofield, of this place. In price also he competes with the city trade, and critical judges usually decide in his favor.

—The list of jurors for the April term of court is being drawn to day by the Jury Commissioners, Mr. Daniel Kunes, of Eagleville, and Captain J. H. Tolbert, of Nittany.

—James Schofield, the Spring street harness manufacturer, invites an inspection of his large and excellent stock. In prices and quality of goods he defies competition.

Pittsburgh Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THIS PAPER BY
R. BEATTY, SON & CO.,

No. 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., wholesale PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE.

Established in 1850. They receive and sell all kinds of Country Produce, Domestic and Foreign Fruit and Vegetables.

Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURGH, PA., February 26, 1883.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

APPLES—New, choice, per bbl. 4 00; Good 3 50a4 00; medium, 2 00 a 3 00.

APPLE BUTTER—per gal. 50a70c.; Apple Jelly, 8a7c. per lb.

BUTTER—Dairy, 25a27c.; "Gilt Edge," 23a25c.; Creamery, 35a37c.; Choice Ohio, 18a20c., Extr Choice Ohio, 22a25c; Medium, 12a15c.

BEANS—Choice Navy at 2 50a2 75; Medium, 2 50a2 35; Mixed, 1 50a2 00; Lima, 6a6½c. lb.

BACON—Country, clear sides, 10a12c.; Ribs, 10a11c.; Shoulders, 9a10c.

BROOM CORN—Extra choice green hurl, 7a7½c.; No. 1 hurl, 6½a7c.; choice short green 4a5c.; inferior. 3a4c.

CIDER—Per bbl. 00a10 00; crab apple 9 00a10 00

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, 3 00a3 50 per box.; Messina Oranges, 3 50a4 00 per box; Val. 7 00 a 7 50 per case; Bananas, 2 00 a 4 00 per bunch.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 8a9c.; do., quarters, 7a8.; Peaches, halves, 6a7c; peeled, do, 15a18c.; pitted Cherries, 23a25c.; Raspberries, 34a35c.; Blackberries, 01a12c per lb.

FEATHERS—Live Geese, per lb., 56a60c. Mixed, 45a50c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, 25a26c.

SEEDS—Timothy, per bushel, 2 00a2 15; Clover, 7 00a7 50 for small; 7 50a8 00 for large.

VINEGAR—Choice Wine and Malt, 25a30c. per gal.; Country 13a15c. per gal., as to quality.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 85a90c. per bush Bananas, 2 00 to 4 00 per bunch; Onions, 1 50 to 1 80 per bbl.; Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, 3 25 to 3 50 per bbl.; Baltimore, 2 00a2 50; Cranberries, 4 75a5 00 per box. 15 00a16 00 per bbl.

GROCERIES.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy Rio, per lb. 12c.; do., 12½c.; Prime Rio, 10½c.; Good Rio, 9½c.; Ordinary, 8c.; Java, 20a22c.

ROASTED COFFEE—In paper, per lb., 16a20c.; lower grades, 12½a15c.; in bulk, 11½a15c.; Java, paper, 24a26c.; Java, bulk, 24a25c.

SUGARS—Standard A, per lb., 9c.; Windsor A 8¾c.; Prairie B, 8¼c.; Refined Yellow, 7a8¼c.; Molasses Yellow, 7¼a8c.; Granulated, 9¾c.; Powdered, 9¼c. Crushed, low, 10c.; Cut Loaf, 10c

SYRUPS—Choice Maple Flavored, 37c.; Prime Maple Flavored, 33c; Choice Sugar Syrup, 45c.; Prime Sugar Syrup, 47c.; Good Sugar Syrup, 43c.; Black Strap, 28a29c.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—Choice, 60c.; Strictly Prime, 58c.; Prime, 56c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, per lb, 25c.a1 00; Gunpowder, 25c a1 00; Imperial, 33a80c.; Japan, 23a70c.; Oolong, 22a75c.; Souchong, 22a55c.

RICE—Rangoon, per lb., 5¾a6¾c.; Carolina, 6a7¾c.

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

FLOUR—Fancy Patents (spring and winter) 7 50a7 75; Fancy St. Louis (winter), 7 50a7 75; Fancy Family, White, Amber and Winter, 6 25a6 50; Choice Family (choice red winter), 6 00a6 00; XX Family (medium winter), 5 75a6 00; XXX Bakers' (Minnesota), 6 25a6 50; XX Bakers' (Wisconsin), 6 00a6 25; Cornmeal, 85a90c., in paper; Oatmeal—medium brand—7 25a7 50 per bbl.; Fancy, 7 75a8 00. Rye Flour, 4 50a4 75 Buckwheat flour, 3¾a3¾

HAY—Prime Timothy, baled, at 12 00a13 00 per ton; Prime new, Loose, 12 00a15 00; Prairie, 9 00a10 00.

WHEAT—Longberry, red, 1 18a1 15; Fultz, 1 15a1 12

CORN—High Mixed Shelled, 55a57; Yellow, Shelled 58a60; Ear Corn, 60a62.

OATS—47a48.

lbs. in case, 12¾c.; do., 5 lb. pails, 13¼c.; do. in 6 lb. pails, 13¼c.; do. in 10 lb. pails, 13¾c.

PROVISIONS AND LIVE STOCK.

PROVISIONS—Ex. S. C. Hams, per lb., 12¾c. Ex. S. C. Shoulders, 9¼c.; Ex. S. C. Breakfast Bacon, 12¼c.; Ex. S. C. Dried Beef, in sets, 12¾c.; Beef Tongues, per doz., 7 00; Lard, Refined, summer use, in tierces, 11¾c.; do., in half bbls., 12¼c; do., in buckets, 12¾c.; do., 3 lb. pails, 60

CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shipping, 5 75a6 00; Common to Good Butchering, 4 50a5 00; Bulls and Fat Cows, 3 50a4 50; Veals, 7 00a8 25

SHEEP—Common to Fair, 3 25a4 50; Good to Prime, 5 50a6 00; Lambs, 4 50a5 00.

HOGS—Philadelphia Hogs, 7 40a7 60; Good Corn Fed Yorkers, 7 00a7 20; Grassers, 5 50a6 50.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, February 27, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 10
Wheat—No. 2, "	1 00
Wheat—No. 3, "	90
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	70
Corn	60
Corn (shelled)	65
Oats	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	6 00 to 6 50
do prime to extra prime	7 00 to 7 25
do choice	7 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 80
Flour, wholesale	5 80

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	13 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	24
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per piece	30
Cheese per pound	18
Country hams per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	16
Country Bacon	12½
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	25
Potatoes per bushel, new	90
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	30
Turnips	25
Onions	65
Dried sweet corn per pound	12½

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 13 7 1y

Rockford Watch Company.

From the Chicago Times, Jan. 1, 1883.

This company was organized in March, 1874, with a capital of $150,000, and, in the spring of 1876, having completed the construction of its machinery and the erection of its factory, produced its first goods. Its career from that day to this, strikingly illustrates the pithy adage that "there is always room at the top." To the general public it seemed to require an incredible audacity in this unknown company to enter a field which seemed already fully occupied. The managers of the concern, however, wisely foreseeing that success lay in the creation of a specialty, determined in the outset that they would not engage in a competition for the production of the greatest possible number of cheap goods—a policy which usually results in making quality a subordinate consideration. When the Rockford company first placed its goods in market, it found that the requirements of railroad men and others, whose occupations demanded exacting service from a watch, were not met by any American factory, and that, consequently, the majority of railroad watches were imported from Europe. To meet the wants of those men, the company decided to make all its movements, both the cheaper and more expensive ones, with what is mechanically known as the quick train. As a result, from a beginning of ten movements per day, the company is now producing 110 movements per day, and has just completed such an addition to its works as will enable it shortly to get out 125 movements per day.

A further reason for the popularity of Rockford movements among those most competent to judge—the dealers in watches—may be the fact that the company sells its goods directly to the retail dealer, a method of business peculiar to itself, since all other American watch companies job their goods. This produces an intimate relation between manufacturer and consumer, and informs each of the wants of the other more certainly than could be accomplished by the usual indirect means.

As to the quality of Rockford movements, the best testimony is the fact that the commanding officer of the United States naval observatory at Washington, and most of his subordinates, employ them for the uses of that establishment.

—Already the store of Harry Teats & Co. has become a household word for a place to buy good groceries.

—Miss Ella M. Fleck, teacher of the Grammar School in Port Matilda, reports for the month ending February 13, 1883, as follows: Number of male pupils, 15; number of female pupils, 19; total, 34. Average, males 13, female 18, total 31. Per cent.—Males 92, females 94, total 93. Number who did not miss one session were Calvin Jones, Howard Miles, Orlando Jones, Grant Jones, Alice Price, Annie Price, Blanche Price, Annie Norman, Ellie Weaver, Susie Whippo, Mary Cowher and Mertie Walker. Those who missed only one day were McClellen Williams, Bertha McKinney, Mary Williams, Medie Jones, and Annie Crane. The visitors were Messrs William Bennett, Ray Hamlin, John Richards, Howard Cowher, William McAlarney and Misses Minnie Stevens, Lizzie Ardery, C. Dennings and Nora Osman

—The largest line and finest assortment of body and tapestry Brussels carpet ever brought to Bellefonte, just received at the Bee Hive one price stores.

—The Japanese Tea Party in the Centre Co. Bank store room, Thursday evening, attracted an exceedingly large number of people who went into transports of delight over the affair, so elegantly and ingeniously is everything prepared. As was said by a delighted child, "There are articles there that make you laugh and some that do not make you laugh." She instanced a hickory-nut doll baby, with spectacles, among the former and a solemn-looking pin cushion among the latter.

—If you want to see the spring styles and new patterns in body and tapestry Brussels carpets, call at the Bee Hive one price stores. We have just received a very large assortment.

—General O'Leary and his force were at work last Friday repairing Water street near the creek, but that boardwalk is still projecting over the water's edge in the extremely dangerous position which it has been in ever since the flood.

—We are selling all kinds of carpet at manufacturers' prices, all marked in plain figures, at the Bee Hive one price stores.

—Improve the present hour by purchasing a fine supply of groceries of Harry Teats & Co.

Origin of the Word "Masher."

A New Yorker gives what he believes to be the true origin of the now somewhat widely used word "Masher." He says that he is positive the word originated in the district bordering on Eleventh street and Third avenue in that city in 1870. At that time a peculiar, old, weather-beaten sailor lived there when home from the West Indies to which he made regular trips. He would frequently ride out on a handsome white horse. On these occasions he was dressed quite fantastically and would distribute to the crowds who followed him as much as $50 at one time. His name was "Macha" which the boys pronounced "Masher," hence its derivation. The crowds who followed him were almost as large and enthusiastic as those that go daily to Sechler's grocery store in the Bush House block. They were well satisfied, but not more so than those who go to Sechler's store, for the latter find in that store a place where a large and important part of living—groceries and meat—can be purchased at reasonable prices and in excellent quality. Try the merits of those groceries the next time you buy.

—Lucas Brothers' store at Howard was robbed some time during Saturday night or Sunday morning by three men. The articles taken consisted of boots and other goods of that description. The foot-prints of the men were easily seen in the freshly fallen snow, and they were traced as far as Milesburg and then on to Unionville. At the latter place a warrant for their arrest was sworn out and they were captured and brought to this place, Constable George Lucas, of Unionville, heading the party that made the arrest. The men gave the names of Chambers, Shoemaker and Swayne and say they are from Chicago.

—The entire Stock of Harry Teats & Co., grocers, is fresh and wholesome. We advise our readers to give it a trial.

A Serious Fall.

Mr. Daniel Shilling, one of the force of workmen under the command of Mr. John O'Leary, street commissioner, while at work Friday morning making repairs along the bank of Spring creek on Water st., was so unfortunate as to miss his footing when stepping on a dangerous place, causing him to fall into the creek below, a distance of seven or eight feet. The unfortunate man had three ribs broken and also sustained several other injuries of a less dangerous character. We greatly regret to record the mishap as it is one which causes the victim much suffering and discomfort.

—Go early and often to Sechler's store for groceries.

—The banquet at the New Brockerhoff House was not the only one that occurred on Thursday evening. At an earlier hour the Knights Templar also spread a feast, and the joke of it was that those who attended both entertainments eat so heartily at the first one that they could not possibly partake of the numerous delicious viands which were provided for the second. They were so provoked at the circumstance that they almost stood on their heads in their efforts to find a vacuum, but it was all in vain.

—The first callers are first served, but all are treated with politeness and their wants attended to as soon as possible at Sechler's grocery store.

—Hon. James Gamble, of Williamsport, died on Thursday morning. In 1859 deceased was appointed by Governor Packer, President Judge of the district composed of Clinton, Centre and Clearfield counties, to fill the vacancy caused by the sudden death of Judge Burnsides. He remained on the bench about a year, when he was succeeded by Judge Linn. In 1868 he was elected President Judge of the new district composed of Lycoming county, and served ten years, being succeeded by Judge Cummin, the present President Judge.

—Harry Green takes pride in selling cigars of the best quality.

Gatesburg Gossip.

The principal amusement in the village of Gatesburg is coasting, which is largely indulged in by the lads and lassies, who consider the coasting ground at that place about the best in the county.

Mr. M. Rider, proprietor of the new store in that village, is about starting to the city to purchase a large stock of goods.

—Captain Henry Montgomery has a coin pocket piece in the shape of a silver dollar of the issue of 1878. It differs from the ordinary coin of that demomination in that the feathers in the eagle's tail are eight in number whereas in the ordinary coin the number is only seven. Only a few of the kind were issued.

Election Returns.

Townships not heard from in time to be printed in the regular place:

Gregg (N. P.)—Judge of Election, Jacob Carterman; Inspectors, Benjamin Stover, William Yearick.

Gregg (S. P.)—Judges of Election, John F Heckman, John Condren; Inspectors, Henry Mark, W B Bitner; Assessor, Isaac Vonada; Assistant Assessors, John Rossman, William Heckman; Overseer of Poor, Samuel Reams; Supervisors, Geo. Spayd, Philip Shook; School Directors, Samael Zettle, A G Eberrell; Constable, Reuben Kline; Auditor, F D Hosterman; Township Clerk, J C Condo.

Haines (E. P.)—Judge of Election, M S Seidler; Inspector, William J Krape.

Haines (W. P.)—Assessor, Jeremiah Winklebleck; Assistant Assessors, Henry Seidler, Cornelius Bower; Overseer of Poor, Adam Weaver; Supervisors, John J Orndorf, A J Stover; School Directors, Jacob Seidler, Emanuel Cronemiller; Constable, Henry J Crosse; Auditor, J G Meyer; Township Clerk, J Miles Musser.

—The new firm of Harry Teats & Co. are increasing their business rapidly.

—The following call for a meeting of the Presbyterian congregation on this (Wednesday) evening will be read with interest by all members of that society:

BELLEFONTE, Feb. 26, 1883.

A meeting of the Presbyterian congregation of Bellefonte will be held in the Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening (28th inst.) at 8 o'clock *sharp*. A full attendance is requested. Business of importance requires attention.

By order of the board of Trustees and Building Committee.

ADAM HOY,
President and Chairman.

—A walk all the way from the extreme end of the town to buy one of Harry Green's cigars will be considered profitable when the quality of the cigar is tested.

GUGGENHEIMER ERECT.—We take pleasure in announcing to our old friends and the public in general, that, by the 15th of March, we will open in one of the new rooms annexed to the Bush Arcade an entire new stock of Rochester and Philadelphia clothing, just purchased in the cities of Philadelphia and Rochester. Also a full line of gents furnishing goods, boots, shoes, hats, etc., and a complete line of trunks and valises. My leather business will be carried on larger than ever. Nothing but the very best stock of all kinds will be kept. The highest cash price will be paid for hides of all kinds. Thanking you for the very liberal patronage of the past and hoping by close attention and fair dealing to merit your continuance of the same, I remain yours, I. GUGGENHEIMER.

Business and Other Notices.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.—Stinging irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

THAT HUSBAND OF MINE is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."—Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15 cts. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

Suits made to your own measure for $15.00. Leave your order to-day. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

WANTED.—25 young ladies to operate on the Domestic sewing machine. Apply to Goldsmith Brothers, Bee Hive one price stores.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache in *Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy*, a nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and a sweet breath. Price, 50 cents. Sold by John Harris.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

Good Words from Druggists.

"Malt Bitters are the best 'Bitters.'"

"They promote sleep and allay nervousness."

"Best Liver and Kidney medicine we sell."

"They knock the 'Chills' every time."

"Consumptive people gain flesh on them."

"Malt Bitters have no rivals in this town."

"Best thing for nursing mothers we have."

"We like to recommend Malt Bitters."

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhaps, of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by John Harris.

Sales Register.

MARCH 3, 1883.—R. L. Underwood, in Union township, will sell a large lot of farming tools, stock and household furniture.

MARCH 6, 1883.—M. D. Silknitter, will sell horses, cows, farming implements and household furniture, at residence, near Crider & Son's mill, Snow Shoe.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14.—In Marion township, 9 miles east of Bellefonte, at 10 o'clock a. m., at farm of J. Z. Long, on road between Jacksonville and Hublersburg, farm stock including horses, cows, sheep and hogs; and also farm implements and household goods.

FRIDAY, MARCH 23.—George G. Wilson will sell at residence of Samuel P. Gray, in Patton township, 3½ miles east of Stormstown, at 1 o'clock p. m., farm stock, personal property and household furniture.

THURSDAY, MARCH 8.—At residence of R. L. Underwood, in Union township, one-half mile west of Unionville, at 10 o'clock a. m., excellent farm stock and implements, and also household furniture.

THURSDAY, MARCH 29.—At the State College Hotel, by S. M. Leitzell & Co., at 10 o'clock a. m., one horse, two buggies, a sleigh, etc.; also, household furniture, including a parlor suit, bedroom suit and twelve bedsteads.

THURSDAY, MARCH 22.—By William H. Humes, on farm formerly occupied by Foster Tate, one mile from Bellefonte, adjoining, Eggtown, at 1 o'clock p. m., sharp, four horses fresh milk cow, Alderney bull, five head of young cattle, and many farm implements.

THURSDAY, MARCH 22.—At the residence of Joseph Brown, Sr., in Huston township, three-fourths of a mile north-west of Martha, at 10 o'clock a. m., two horses, five milch cows, five head of young cattle, harrow, plow, wind-mill, corn planter, 10 acres of wheat in the ground, and many other articles of a useful character.

G. W. McCULLOUGH, of Milesburg, will sell at private sale a 2-story frame house and four acres of land, situated in Boggs township, 1 mile east of Milesburg.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—In the Orphans Court of Centre county. In the matter of the account of W. S. Williams, executor of etc. of Sarah S. Williams, deceased, the auditor appointed by the Court to hear and determine exceptions filed to said account, if any there shall be, and to make distribution of the balance in accountant's hands to and among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at his office, in Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 15th day of March, A. D., 1883, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

S. D. RAY,
15-7-3t Auditor.

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

AS IT WAS SINCE THE COMMENCEMENT, AND WILL BE TO THE END.

One Price! One Price! One Price!

NOT ONLY FOR

C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G

BUT FOR

Dry Goods, Notions,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,

Gents' Furnishing,

QUEENSWARE, WOODENWARE, GROCERIES,

(No adulterated goods)

The untarnished reputation of the old firm for Honesty and Uprightness will be fully sustained by their successors.

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

15-8tf

Michael Levi & Co.

The Keystone One-Price Clothing House

Will be open to the public with the largest stock of

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, Etc.,

Ever seen in Centre County,

AT WAGNER'S OLD STAND,

28 East Allegheny Street,

ON OR ABOUT APRIL 1, 1883.

We intend to fill the great want of the people of Centre County for some time past, and that is a

ONE-PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE

That has got the grit to come amongst you with stock to suit every one and large enough to supply the entire county, to be sold only on a basis that you may call

Honorable Dealing, or Fair and Square.

—:o:—

We shall carry on hand the finest makes of CLOTHING manufactured, such as the celebrated

Rochester, Boston and Buffalo.

—:o:—

We will fit a Fat Man or a Lean Man, a Large Man or a Small Man.

—:o:—

Our Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Cannot be equaled for Style, Beauty and Durability in Fines and Knockabouts.

—:o:—

The Gents' Furnishing Department

Will be complete in all of the Latest Novelties.

THE OLD WILL BE MADE YOUNG BY SELECTING THEIR GOODS FROM US.

—:o:—

OUR MOTTO SHALL BE

POSITIVELY ONE PRICE AND SQUARE DEALING.

—:o:—

MICHAEL LEVI & CO.

Wagner's Old Stand,

28 East Allegheny St., BELLEFONTE, PA.

15-7-1y

Miscellaneous.

WE

Desire to say to the people of Bellefonte and vicinity that now is your time to buy your clothing, boots and shoes at the Boston Clothing House, Bellefonte, Pa., and we take this opportunity of saying that you

WILL

find a large stock of heavy winter clothing, boots and shoes which we will sell at and below cost within the next sixty days. In fact, we do

NOT

at any time ask a large profit, but we will sell you this at your own price. This is a rare chance for buyers of clothing, boots and shoes, and we are positive that it will not

BE

offered again. We will sell a fine Diagonal Overcoat worth $14, for $8; a good suit of clothes that sells all over for $8 we will sell for $4.50. Remember we mean business when we say that we will not be

UNDERSOLD.

Free! Cards and Chromos.

We will send free by mail a sample set of our large German, French and American Chromo Cards on tinted and gold grounds, with a price list of over 200 different designs, on receipt of a stamp for postage. We will also send free by mail as samples, ten of our beautiful Chromos, on receipt of 10 cts. to pay for packing and postage; also enclose a confidential price list of our large oil chromos. Agents wanted. Address F. GLEASON & CO., 45 Summer Street, Boston, Mass. 15-9-4t

Frank P. Blair.

FRANK P. BLAIR

has just received another lot of small Stem Winding Watches in Silver and Nickel, just the thing to make a boy happy, as it's the height of any boy's ambition to carry a Watch. These are reliable and serviceable, and are not expensive.

Also some more of those little bits of Watches which are so fashionable among the girls. These are much worn in other places and are considered just the thing.

A large line of Children's sets of Knife, Fork and Spoon with and without cases in Extra and Triple Plate. They are decidedly elegant goods; much more so than at any other season. A very few dozen of the Genuine Rogers' Triple-Plated Knives. They are as cheap as the imitation and worth twice the price of any other knife offered.

A Gold Headed Cane would likely be just the thing you are looking for; they are useful, ornamental and always appreciated.

Gold Thimbles from the lowest in price to the most elegant. They are always just the thing and last a lifetime, and you can make no mistake

See the Castors and Cake Baskets.

I would like to show you my leading Tea Set—cheap and just the thing for actual use, Copper Bottom, and can be set on the stove and used the same as Britannia or tinware, and they come very little higher than a common unplated set.

Some people thought it foolish to bring a stock of Fine Diamonds to Bellefonte, but they will find considerably more Diamonds worn here after the holidays than before.

Your attention is particularly called to Japanese wares. They are genuine goods made in Japan and not in Jersey. They must be closed out this week as I have no room to keep them over. They are all below the cost of importation and some of them are given away for nothing.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

No. 2, Brockerhoff Row.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Bold Outrage.

MERCER, Feb. 20.—On Saturday morning shortly after midnight the little village of Hadley, about twelve miles north of Mercer, was the scene of a bold outrage which might have resulted in murder. During the past few months three successive attempts have been made to burn the grist mill of Hazen Bros., and for some time the mill has been watched night and day. On Friday night the son of the proprietor watched until near midnight, and then went to the house and waked Mr. William Hazen, who was to watch the rest of the night. The latter went first to the barn and was attending to some stock when he heard a noise at the mill. He hastened there at once. Just as he entered the door some one struck him over the head and he fell insensible to the floor. When he recovered his senses he found himself gagged and tied hand and foot to a large grindstone. He struggled, but was threatened with instant death if he did not keep quiet. His assailants robbed him of nearly $400 and then set fire to the mill and departed, fastening the door by placing a prop against it and leaving Mr. Hazen bound and helpless in the burning building. The flames made rapid progress, while Mr. Hazen frantically endeavored to free himself. In his struggles he pulled the grindstone over on him and managed to get loose from it. He rolled across the floor to the door, and most fortunately got out and then rolled nearly to the house before he got his hands free and took off the gag. He gave the alarm and help was soon on the ground, but it was too late to save either the mill or its contents. There is no clue as yet to the perpetrators of this fiendish outrage, but no effort will be spared to bring the perpetrators to justice.

A $100,000 Fire.

MCKEESPORT, Feb. 18.—About 6 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the engine room of the United States Iron and Tin-Plate Works at Demmler. The day watchman had just gone out, and he saw the fire soon after it started and made efforts to extinguish it, but without success. In very short time the entire mill was in flames. The fire became uncontrollable, and adjoining buildings were reduced to ashes. The main mill and stock-house, together with the stock, are all destroyed. The six puddling furnaces were not burned. A portion of the trestle of the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogheny Railroad was burned. The fire originated from sparks falling from the stove in the engine room during the temporary absence of the watchman. The loss cannot now be definitely stated. It will, however, approximate $100,000 The insurance will be about $50,000. The loss on stock is pretty heavy, and upwards of 300 men are thrown out of employment, many of whom had built houses in that vicinity and will now have to look elsewhere for employment. It is doubtful if the firm rebuild, as the present tariff is detrimental to their business and trade is dull. The mill was owned by Demmler & Sons, of Pittsburg, who purchased it from the United States Iron and Tin-Plate Company some time ago. Two cars loaded with sheet iron for the National Tube Works Company, of McKeesport, were destroyed, together with their contents

How to Have Model State Prisons.

BOSTON, February 19.—Governor Butler inspected the state prison today, subsequently the prisoners were assembled in the chapel. After warmly commending the warden to them and asking them to give Colonel Moher their confidence, he said: "If you have any complaints you can make them to me in writing, but while you are awaiting a reply from me the rules must be obeyed at all hazzards. I want to disabuse you of one thing. I did not remove the old warden on account of anything he did to you, because I always hear both sides. I took care not to hear your side until I was ready to hear his. He had done some things in disobedience of orders of mine which caused me to remove him. For the grounds I acted on I am responsible to my own conscience and the people of the commonwealth. It only remains for you to treat the warden as he treats you and you will have one model institution of this character in the United States.

The Board of Pardons.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20.—The board of pardons met to day and heard all the cases on the list but three. The case of Silas Gray, of Westmoreland county, convicted of murder, was held under advisement. All others considered were refused.

The Civil Service Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate to-day: To be civil service commissioners, Dorman B. Eaton, of New York; John M. Gregory, of Illinois, and Leroy D. Thoman, of Ohio.

The Seventeenth Victim.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Katie Gerlach, aged 7 years, one of the children injured at yesterday's school house calamity, died to night. She is the seventeenth victim.

Panic in a School House.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—An outbreak of fire under the stairs of the second floor of the school house attached to the Roman Catholic church of the Most Holy Redeemer this afternoon was the cause of an appalling accident, no less than fourteen children losing their lives. Over seven hundred scholars, mostly children of the poorer classes living in that vicinity from six to eleven years of age, attended the school and were in their class rooms when the alarm was raised, which resulted in a fearful panic. The removal of the children on the fourth floor began quietly and was progressing rapidly, when a Sister of Charity, who was in charge of a class of girls, fainted from the excitement. Immediately the class was thrown into confusion and a rush was made for the hallway. On the stairs, which were already crowded, a panic ensued and a deadly crush took place. While the children were piling one on the other the railing on the stairs broke and the mass of struggling children were precipitated to the floor below. The police and firemen rushed in and found them lying four or five deep. Six were taken out dead from the bottom of the heap. Eight more died immediately after, making a total of fourteen. A large number of others who were carried to the surrounding tenements were reported to be dying.

Robbed of Seven Watches.

PORT DEPOSIT, Md., February 20.—John McHale, a resident of Colora, Cecil county, and a traveling peddler, was robbed of seven gold watches Saturday afternoon. McHale carries many fine goods. He is very well known about this part of the country, and many of the citizens of Port Deposit have purchased watches of him. Saturday afternoon he left his carriage standing at the door of Messrs Reynolds' hardware store on Main street, while he entered on some business. He was gone but a few moments. He left a box in the back part of his wagon containing seven gold watches valued in all at $700. When he returned he did not notice whether the box was there. He then drove to Rowlandville to Mr. Enoch McCullough's. When he returned to his wagon from Mr. McCullough's for his box, he found it was not there. He could not say where the box had been taken—at Reynolds Bros.' store in Port Deposit, on the road to Rowlandville, or while his wagon remained at Mr. McCullough's house. He remembered passing a man on the road. He immediately returned, and found foot prints in the middle of the road for some distance, as of some one following a wagon. He could not identify the man. No steps have been taken to secure the stolen property, and the affair remains a mystery.

A Panic at a Funeral.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—While the funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Rosa Crawford were being held in her late residence on Saturday, a sudden ominous crackling was heard. The floor was seen to sink and a rush was made by the panic-stricken people. Several cool-headed men, realizing the danger, caught up the casket and bore it to the back of the house, where it was placed upon the porch. An investigation was made and it was found that the combined weight of the many people assembled had broken three of joists. It was found impossible to repair the damage immediately, and the services were finished in the kitchen.

A Wedding Under Difficulties.

CHATANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 18.—A special from Tracy City, Tennessee, gives an account of terrible excitement, growing out of a shooting affray at a wedding on Saturday night. The trouble arose between Joseph Berry, the groom, and William Iller, father of the bride. The father had objected to the match, and on that account the ceremony was performed at the groom's house. It was hardly begun when the father appeared on the scene, and he and the groom exchanged four shots. Iller was wounded and driven from the house amid immense excitement and the wedding ceremony was afterward performed in the presence of the groom's friends.

A Day's Disasters.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 18.—The Boston express, leaving here at midnight, struck a team at Wallingford, killing three persons and injuring another. A row of sheds concealed the approaching train from Mr. Wm. Meyer, who drove the sleigh. He was instantly killed. William Howe lived twenty minutes, his skull being fractured. Miss Alice Franks had her skull broken open. She died this morning. Miss Emma Matram was severely injured near the spine and internally, but may recover. The party were returning from a visit. An inquest will be held. Great indignation exists, caused by a report that no whistle was blown.

Terre Haute News.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., February 19.—The water is falling rapidly and all danger is over.

Mack Vick, an engineer on the Vandalia railroad, shot his wife twice to day inflicting serious though not fatal wounds. When the officers attempted to arrest him he shot at them five times without effect. The officers left for assistance and when Chief Vandeveer went to the house and broke open the door he found that Vick had shot himself in the temple inflicting a dangerous wound.

The Elections in the State.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—The vote to-day has been very light. John Thompson beats Cobb, the Democratic and Committee of One Hundred candidate for police magistrate by over 4,000 majority. The complexion of the new select council is Republican 16, Democrats 14, independent Democrat 1. Of the new common council there are 58 Republicans, 27 Democrats and 5 doubtful. Of the select councilmen elected to-day six are Republicans and 5 Democrats. Five of them were endorsed by the committee of one hundred. Of the 45 common councilmen elected to-day 33 are Republicans, 11 Democrats and 1 Independent. Of these 30 were endorsed by the committee of one hundred.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20.—Simon Cameron Wilson, republican, was elected mayor to-day.

POTTSVILLE, Feb. 20.—Joseph Derr, republican, was elected chief burgess to-day, together with a majority of republican councilmen.

WILKESBARRE, Feb. 20.—Thomas Broderick was re-elected mayor on the citizens' ticket to-day by a plurality of 438.

WEST CHESTER, Feb. 20.—J. Newton Shanafelter, republican, was elected recorder to day.

READING, Feb. 20.—William G. Rowe, republican, was elected mayor to day. Joseph Hanson, democrat, for controller, John E. Arthur, democrat, for city treasurer, were re-elected Council will stand on joint ballot: Democrats, 36; republicans, 19.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Feb. 20.—T. J. Baker, democrat, was elected burgess.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Feb. 20.—Controller Smith, democrat, was re-elected to day. The common council is republican.

YORK, Pa., Feb. 20.—Luther Small, democrat, was elected chief burgess to day.

LANCASTER, February 20.—The election returns show republican gains. The new council will stand—select branch, democrats, 5; republicans, 4; common council—republicans, 19; democrats, 8.

An Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—The *Star* to night printed the following: "It is now said that a special session of the senate will be necessary to consider and act upon the new Mexican treaty. It is argued that it will be out of the question for the present senate, with the pressing demand upon its time by important public business, to give that treaty the consideration it merits. It is desirable to have the treaty ratified at the earliest practical moment, and unless there is a special session it must go over until next session. A reporter asked one of the most influential Republican senators to-day if he thought there would be a special session and his reply was: "I don't see how we can avoid it even if we desired to do so."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—1.30 a. m.—The senate is still in session with no prospects of an adjournment for some hours.

Legislative Work.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 21.—In the senate to-night the following bills were introduced: Fixing the term of the office of the receiver of taxes in cities of the first class at three years; to establish a national school in Philadelphia and appropriating $50,000 for that purpose; making unlawful any violation by railroad companies or common carriers of sections 3 and 7 of article 7th of the constitution. A resolution was passed making it necessary that all charitable institutions asking appropriations present an itemized account of actual annual expense and unless this is done no appropriation is to be granted. Consideration of bills on second reading occupied the time of the house.

Custer's Death an Unnecessary Sacrifice.

MILES CITY, Montana, Feb. 19.—General James S. Brisbin lectured at Billings Saturday night. In the course of the lecture he referred to the Custer massacre, and said if General Custer had obeyed the instructions from General Terry it was probable he and his command would be living to-day. The death of Custer and his men was a useless and unnecessary sacrifice brought about by Custer's desire for glory and promotion. He read documents to prove his position, and exonerated Reno from all blame in the battle of the Little Big Horn. General Brisbin was the next cavalry officer in rank to Custer, and succeeded Custer when he fell. His remarks produced a great sensation.

Boston's Profitable Journalism.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—The Boston *Daily Advertiser*, which for the past fifteen years has been located on Court Street, removed, between Saturday morning and Sunday noon, to its new six-story marble building, 248 Washington and 69 Devonshire Street, and will issue from the new establishment a twenty-page paper, the largest single issue ever made by a New England newspaper, containing a history of the paper from its establishment, seventy years ago, with sketches of its former editors, a history of journalism in Boston, etc. The new building has all modern appliances for newspaper publication.

Small-pox Among Cherokees.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., February 18.—An Indian Territory special received to-day reports that smallpox is prevailing to a great extent in the Cherokee Nation. A corps of physicians have been appointed for the different districts. Every effort is being made to subdue the scourge, and $9000 were appropriated by the Council of the Nation to be expended on vaccination. The Cherokees' physicians receive fifty cents for each vaccination. Deaths are daily reported from isolated points. The disease is making a wider range in the country than in the towns.

Two Steamers.

HONG KONG, Feb, 21.—The United States steamer Ashuelot has been lost. All the officers were saved, but eleven of the crew drowned. The Ashuelot was an iron paddle vessel, carried six guns, and was 786 tons burthen.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—No information of the loss of the United States steamer Ashuelot has been received at the navy department. The report, however, was not at all discredited, as the vessel was not considered very seaworthy; in fact, she was a laughing stock among the naval officers. She was a paddle-wheel, thin-plated iron ship, 1,370 tons displacement, and was what is known as a double-ender. She was built in 1863.

A Clyde Line Steamer Lost.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 21.—The steamship Morro Castle, of the Clyde Line, running between New York and Charleston, was totally destroyed by fire early this morning. The officers and crew had barely time to escape with what clothing they happened to have on. The Morro Castle was to have sailed for New York to-day, and had received one-half her cargo, consisting of cotton, naval stores, etc. The total loss on the vessel is estimated at $200,000; on cargo, $70,000; insurance unknown.

Philadelphia Elections.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—The vote yesterday was very light, nearly 70,000 less than at the presidential election. John Thompson leads Cobb, democrat and committee of one hundred candidate, for police magistrate, by over 8,000 majority. The new select council will stand: Republicans, 16; Democrats, 14. Common council. Republicans, 58; democrats, 27; doubtful 5.

Reported Arrest of P. J. Sheridan.

LONDON, February, 19.—A news agency states that a report is in circulation that not only Byrne but a number of others are to be arrested, including the managers of the land league funds. The names of about six prominent politicians are mentioned. Various other rumors are current, among them one to the effect that P. J. Sheridan has been arrested.

Fatal Collision at Sea.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The Allan line steamer Buenos Ayres has been in collision with and sunk a steamer off Lamlash, Scotland. Eleven of the crew of the latter steamer were drowned.

What the House Did.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The house at the evening session considered the sundry civil appropriation bill, but without completing it adjourned.

The Tariff Bill Passes the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—At half-past 9 o'clock the senate passed the tariff bill as amended by a vote of 42 to 19.

"DO NOT FEAR, YOU CARRY CESAR," Said that illustrious emperor to his boatmen in the storm. And we can say to the thousands who are compelled to admit sorrowfully that they have some form of kidney disease: Do not fear: there is a Cæsar among kidney medicines. It is Hunt's Remedy, and it will cure you. Before its commanding power kidney and liver ailments flee as conquered enemies. Its cures are marvelous; its sway unquestioned. It reaches cases that are given up and hopeless. To all who are afflicted in stomach, bladder, kidneys or liver, we come with the encouraging cry, "Do not fear!" there is sure relief in Hunt's Remedy.

A Telegraph Line for Bashful young Lovers.

The most bashful young man in Pennsylvania lives in Reading. He had courted a young woman in a mild sort of way for a long time, but never had been able to make known his intentions in an intelligible manner. During his leisure moments he taught the young woman telegraphing, and last week gained her consent to stretch a telegraph wire between her home and his boarding house. The first message that came to the young woman was a proposal of marriage. Although the answer was all that any reasonable person could expect, yet the young man was so diffident that he did not venture near the house for four days. Electric communication finally became too slow, however, and the young man went to the house in person. The wire and telegraph instruments are now for sale. If real genius is to be rewarded this young man ought to be happy.

Peruna.

This medicine was introduced to the medical profession and to the public at large by S. B. Hartman, M. D., in 1877, after he had prescribed it to over 40,000 patients in almost every disease to which flesh is heir.

It is wholly composed of numerous vegetable ingredients, each one of which is acknowledged by the medical profession to be the most potent of all the herbal remedies known to medical science.

But its great virtue is mainly attributable to the new and peculiar proportions in which the harmonious ingredients are combined, and to the extreme care exercised in its manufacture, using only the pure, active principles, and excluding all that is crude or irritating. No one should be without Peruna.

God tempts no one; but he may lead us into temptation; even as the general, though he does not slay his soldiers, nevertheless leads them into peril of battle.

"I Can Bid Defiance."

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1880.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—Thanks to your invaluable Safe Diabetes Cure, I can now bid defiance to disease.

W. G. ARMSTRONG

Must Specify.

"Look out," exclaimed a man over whose face a barber was moving his razor, "you are cutting off my moustache."

"You didn't tell me not to cut it," the barber replied. "With me a man must always specify."

"All right," said the customer. When the barber had finished, the man arose from the chair, approached the artist and gave him a violent kick.

"Look out, you are kicking me," howled the barber.

"You didn't tell me not to kick you. With me a man must always specify."

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath, perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress. These are conditions brought about in catarrh by the use of Sanford's Radical Cure. Complete treatment for $1.

Professor Tice predicted the floods in Ohio, and feels so big over it that he pays nothing less than a quarter for street car fare. He waited untill it had rained three days and then predicted.

Terrible itching and scaly humors, ulcers, sores and scrofulous swellings cured by the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally. Ask about them at your druggists.

The New York *Sun* has been showing how to live on $10 a week; but up to the hour of going to press very few young men on a salary of six dollars a week have succeeded in accomplishing the feat—of getting the ten dollars.

It Tells its Own Story.

LANCASTER, N. H., Dec. 3, 1879.—By the way, I will say that I think Downs Elixir the best cough remedy that I can find at our druggists. We always use it. J. S. PREAVEY, Pub. *Republican*.

All diseases arising from biliousness or torpid liver, are cured by the use of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

All sorts of persons, and every individual, has a place to fill in the world, and is important in some respects, whether he chooses to be so or not.

W. Z. Wilson, Wrightsville, Pa., says: "I obtained great relief from Brown's Iron Bitters in nervousness."

Miscellaneous.

McMILLEN'S

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,

ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA

Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15-9tf

ESTATE OF ROBERT KENDALL, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to GEORGE DALE, Lemont, Pa. 15 7 6t

AGENTS WANTED FOR OUR NEW BOOK THE SPY OF THE REBELLION.

By ALLAN PINKERTON, the great Detective, who, under the nom de plume of E. J. Allen, was Chief of the Secret Service of the U. S. Army during the Rebellion. A masterly, thrilling and truthful narrative of the war never before made public, full of vivid illustrations. A rare chance for agents. Write for circulars and special terms. H. W. Kelley, Publisher, Philadelphia, Pa. 15 9-4t

CANCER REMOVED with out knife. Apply to DR. C. P. W. FISHER, Boalsburg, Centre county, Pa. 14-41-3m

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Winter Term Opens January 5, 1883

This Institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, 14-28-4f *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

FROM THE SOUTH.

A Perfect Combination with two Salient advantages.—Why It Concerns You.

"There is no mistake about it," remarked Dr. M. F. Flowers, of Gallatin, Missouri. "BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are one of the neatest combinations ever produced. They have two kinds of advantages over all others, which we may call the minor and the major. First, they are clean and pleasant to use, never soiling the hands or linen of the wearer. Second, they act quickly and powerfully. I have tried the Capcine plasters on myself for pneumonia and on my patients for various diseases, such as neuralgia, muscular rheumatism, lumbago, kidney trouble, etc., and in all cases relief has followed in from three to forty-eight hours.

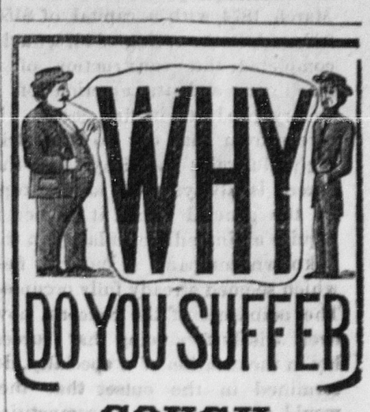
Dr. Flowers merely voices the written or oral opinion of thousands in his profession. BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are the perfect external application. The genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the centre. Price, 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. 15-6-4t

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Estate of Mrs. Anna U. Natt, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the estate of Mrs. Anna U Natt, late of Bellefonte, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

ROBERT VALENTINE,
A. S. VALENTINE,
Executors.

Bellefonte, Feb. 5, '83. 5d6w

Miscellaneous.



With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of

TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA

JAS. HARRIS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hardware and Stoves,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

THE PUREST AND BEST.

Remedy Ever Made.—It is Compounded from Hops, Malt, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion.

The oldest, best, most renowned and valuable medicine in the world, and in addition it contains all the best and most effective curative properties of all other remedies, being the greatest liver regulator, blood purifier, and life and health restoring agent on earth.

It gives new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To clergymen, lawyers, literary men, ladies, and all whom sedentary employments cause irregularities of the blood, stomach, bowels or kidneys, or who require an appetizer, tonic, and mild stimulant, it is invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without being intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, or what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable use the bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing, at a moderate cost. Ask your druggist or physician. Do not suffer yourself or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

If you have lameness in the loins, with frequent pains and aches; numbness of the thigh; scanty, painful and frequent discharge of urine, filled with pus, and which will turn red by standing; a voracious appetite and unquenchable thirst; harsh and dry skin; clammy tongue, often darkly furred; swollen and inflamed gums; dropsical swellings of the limbs; frequent attacks of hiccough; inability to void the urine, and great fatigue in attempting it—you are suffering from some form of Kidney or Urinary Complaint, such as BRIGHT'S DISEASE of the kidneys, stone or inflammation of the bladder, gravel and renal calculi, diabetes, stranguary stricture and retention of the urine, and Hop Bitters is the only remedy that will permanently cure you.

Remember Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the purest and best medicine ever made, and no family should be without it.

Don't risk any of the highly landed stuff with testimonials of great cures, but ask your neighbor, druggist, pastor or physicians what Hop Bitters has and can do for you and test it.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk; Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6m&w1-

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of Valentines & Co., trading in general merchandise, has been remodded by the formation of a new partnership under the name of Valentines Store Company, "Limited".

VALENTINES & CO.

Bellefonte, Jan. 27, 1883. j27d&w3w

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Again Bellefonte has a Republican Burgess and Assistant Burgess.

—Wilbur Harris was twenty-one years of age on Wednesday, the 21st, and celebrated the event on the evening of that day.

—"Mr. Richard Powell, Centre county, Pa., America," is the address on a foreign letter postmarked "Cardiff," now in the post-office.

—The venerable Mr. Allen Schroyer, of this place, is confined to his house by illness, from which we hope he may soon recover.

—On election day Councilman-elect Shortlidge was fifty-two years of age. His neighbors paid him a handsome birthday compliment.

—Mr. Joseph Cedars, proprietor of the bakery and confectionery establishment on Bishop street, slipped and sprained one of his ankles quite severely on Tuesday afternoon of last week.

—The New Brockerhoff House has received 1070 pieces of beautiful queensware for the exclusive use of that popular hotel. Each piece is appropriately stamped with the name of the hotel.

—The *Democrat* records the death of Jonathan E. Roger, of Potter township, on the 18th instant. He leaves a wife and one daughter to mourn his loss. As a citizen and a neighbor he was held in high esteem, and his death is universally lamented.

—It wont cost any more to repair Water street now than it will next summer. The boardwalk projecting half over the creek is in imminent danger of sliding in, but pedestrians have the choice of risking their lives by walking over it or wading through the mud.

—Water street, south of High, has been in a terrible condition since the flood of Sunday, the 4th instant. Pedestrians are compelled to climb over huge blocks of ice, broken board walks, etc., which are almost impassable for some people. Cannot repairs be made soon?

—From the *Centre Democrat* Spring Mills correspondence: "On Saturday, the 17th, Sheriff Dunkle cleaned out the big hotel, i. e. he removed a large portion of the furniture on which Mr. I. J. Grenoble, had a lien. I don't suppose Mr. Nash is very fond of such customers."

—The numerous friends and acquaintances of Miss Lizzie Forster gave her an agreeable surprise on Tuesday evening of last week by gathering in large numbers at the residence of her father, Major R. H. Forster, on Linn street. The occasion was very enjoyable.

—Arrangements are in progress for a series of classes in different studies in connection with the Y. M. C. A. The only one for which definite arrangements have been made, however, is a class in penmanship which will meet on Tuesday evenings and will be under the direction of Prof. J. C. Meyer.

—Spencer Ogden brought with him from Africa several beautiful and valuable articles of jewelry made of Guinea gold, some of which he presented to his more intimate friends. The young lady who received that ring may indeed be happy. It will be quite romantic to go on a wedding tour to Africa.

—A faith cure has turned up in Lock Haven. Andrew J. Colby, a young man, who has been lame for eleven years, regained the use of his limbs a few days ago while prayer was being offered for him in Buffalo. The arrangements between Colby's family in Lock Haven and the faith healer in Buffalo were made entirely by letter.

—The Rev. Dr. Marquis, of the Lafayette Park Presbyterian church, St. Louis, according to the newspapers, has on one or two occasions appeared in his pulpit in a clerical gown which is called the Genevan robe. We believe that Rev. Dr. Marquis is the gentleman who preached in the Presbyterian church in this place last summer.

—The jury to assess damages in securing the right of way for the Buffalo Run railroad started on their mission on Tuesday morning of last week. It is composed of Messrs. P. B. Crider, John Hoffer, Samuel Gilliland, Jos. Ross, C. Buck, M. W. Cowdrick and S. A. Brew. The properties to which they will give their attention are designated and owned as follows: William A. Thomas' estate, John and A. Garberich, William H. Humes, Isaac Gray, Charles Witmer, William Witmer, Hugh Knox, Robert McFarlane, Mrs. Ruth Armor, George W. Gray, C. M. Sellers, Davis Sellers, Mrs. James T. Hale, P. B. Waddle, George Wesley Gross, Robert Stine, Mrs. S. J. Stevenson, P. A. Sellers, William Reed and Adam Grenoble.

Washington's Birthday.

Last Thursday we celebrated the birth of a hero; the most famous character in the history of our country; the one which we all revere most. All nations have heroes whom they delight to remember in this manner, and we believe that ours compares favorably with those of any other nation or people. We delight to call him the "Father of his country."

George Washington first saw the light of day in Westmoreland county, Va., on the 22d day of February, 1732. He was a good boy, especially well well known for his extraordinary honesty and frankness and an experience with a hatchet and cherry tree which every American lad is urged to imitate, especially the part which introduces Washington's aphorism, "I cannot tell a lie."

This extraordinary young man grew in intelligence, wisdom and physical beauty until, like Saul, he surpassed all his countrymen. He gained honors in war and peace, and on the 30th day of April, 1789, was inaugurated the first President of the United States. The ceremony was to have taken place on the 4th of March, but was postponed for some reason until the time mentioned.

He ruled wisely and well; so satisfactorily, indeed, that the people wanted to make him dictator for life, but, unlike Grant, he would not have a third term. When in his sixty-eighth year he contracted a severe cold, which resulted in his death within twenty four hours, at Mount Vernon on the 14th of December, 1799.

Operations of a Confidence Man.

A few days ago a gentleman of this place was accosted on the street by a well dressed, genteel looking stranger who asked him if he was well acquainted in this vicinity.

"No, I am comparatively a stranger here," replied our friend.

"Can you give me the name of any prominent builder, contractor or mason?" said the stranger.

"No, I do not know of any," said our friend; "but there," motioning to a citizen who approached, "is a gentleman who can give you the information you desire."

Our friend passed on and the stranger fell into conversation with the gentleman who had just arrived on the scene. We are informed that he succeeded in eliciting from this gentlemen the names of several contractors and builders. At least one of these he afterwards called on, representing to the contractor that he was connected with a prominent telegraph company and upon the payment of two dollars would recommend him to the company as a suitable person to contract for some of their large building enterprises. The contractor in question did not agree to pay the two dollars and the confidence man's scheme failed in that instance. He doubtless visited some of the others whose names were given him, but if anybody was "taken in" by him they have thus far failed to report. Look out for him.

Port Matilda and Vicinity.

The election is over and about sixty candidates defeated, with a full Democratic election board for the next year, but such is life.

We are still having splendid sleighing and the sports of our vicinity are improving the time.

The enterprising firm of Chaney & Thompson have two million feet of logs on the banks of their mill pond and have begun the work for the erection of their new mill which will enliven our village, when completed and running.

The debt on the Julian M. E. church was canceled on the 21st inst., the whole amount being $417. The people of the community are indebted to Rev. J. H. McGarrah, P. E., for $150, received through him from Jackson, Wooden & Co., of Berwick, also to the many persons who responded to the call for help; but most of all to the Rev. G. B. Ague, pastor of the church, who has labored heroically almost day and night to liquidate the debt, soliciting aid both in his own and other charges in the district. No man has labored more diligently or has been more prompt in filling appointments than has the Rev. G. B. Ague, and what we most regret is that we may lose him as pastor of this charge when conference meets if otherwise ordered, but if returned he will be welcomed by the charge and people in general. H.

—Under the superintendence of Mr. Henry McCaslin, formerly of Linn & McCoy's works, now of Valentines' Ironworks, the latter establishment is turning out 70 tons of pig metal per week.

—We learn from the *Democrat* that J. Mason Duncan, well known here, will assume charge of the Mifflintown (Juniata Co.) Academy, March 29.

Election Returns.

The elections in Bellefonte borough passed off pleasantly and uneventfully on Tuesday of last week, the result proving a subject of congratulation to the Republicans. We give the full returns of Bellefonte borough and the various townships and smaller boroughs of the county, as follows:

NORTH WARD.

Chief Burgess, Fleming, 172; Sternberg, 86.
Asst. Burgess, Reeder, 170; Larimer, 88.
Assessor, Steele, 93; Benner, 165.
Asst. Assessors, McClure, 157; Gault, 157; Garman, 101; Harper, 100.
Treasurer, Gray, 211.
Overseer of Poor, Keichline, 119; Tripple, 139.
Constable, Lose, 178; Dolan, 80.
High Constable, McMahon, 110; Brady, 118.
Auditor, Harshberger, 153; Gephart, 104; Montgomery, 1.
Judge of Election, Linn, 152; Buck, 101.
Inspector, Gordon, 162; Wilhelm, 93.
Council, Cowdrick, 105; Crider, 150.
School Director, Pontius, 136; Harper, 118.
Registration Assessor, Daniels, 153; McKnight, 98.

SOUTH WARD.

Chief Burgess, Sternberg, 138; Fleming, 121.
Asst. Burgess, Larimer, 138; Reeder, 121.
Assessor, Steele, 151; Benner, 108.
Asst. Assessors, Garman, 144; Harper, 146; McClure, 111; Gault, 104.
Treasurer, Gray, 157.
Overseer of Poor, Keichline, 161; Tripple, 94.
Constable, Dolan, 149; Lose, 106.
High Constable, McMahon, 141; Brady, 118.
Auditor, Gephart, 147; Harshberger, 110.
Justice of the Peace, Smith, 191; Klinger, 63.
Judge of Election, Showers, 139; Chambers, 118.
Inspector, Bauer, 135; Haupt, 115.
Council, McCafferty, 130; Reynolds, 122.
School Director, Hoffer, 131; Gordon, 122.
Registration Assessor, Bradley, 147; Parsons, 103.

WEST WARD.

Chief Burgess, Fleming, 96; Sternberg, 33.
Asst. Burgess, Reeder, 87; Larimer, 44.
Assessor, Benner, 82; Steele, 49.
Asst. Assessors, McClure, 87; Gault, 86; Garman, 44; Harper, 43.
Treasurer, Gray, 97.
Overseer of Poor, Tripple, 79; Keichline, 52.
Constable, Lose, 80; Dolan, 49.
High Constable, Brady, 85; McMahon, 46.
Auditor, Harshberger, 87; Gephart, 44.
Justice of the Peace, Klinger, 90; Smith, 54.
Judge of Election, Horkheimer, 86; Gross, 44.
Inspector, Haupt, 83; Derr, 46.
Council, Shortlidge, 86; McQuistion, 42.
School Director, Smith, 85; Lukenbaugh, 45.
Registration Assessor, Schrock, 87; Barnes, 43.

MAJORITIES OF BOROUGH OFFICERS.

This gives Fleming, Republican, burgers, a majority of 132 over Sternberg, Democrat.

Reeder, Republican, received a majority of 108 over Larimer, Democrat, for Assistant Burgess.

Benner, Republican, for Assessor is elected over Steele, Democrat, by a majority of 62.

McClure, Republican, Assistant Assessor, over Garman, Democrat, of 66; over Harper the same. Gault's majority over Garman and Harper 57.

S. Durbin Gray, Republican candidate for Treasurer, having no opposition, received the handsome compliment of 465 votes.

Keichline, Democratic candidate for Overseer of the Poor was, elected over Tripple, Republican, by a majority of 10.

Lose, Republican candidate for Constable, over Dolan, Democrat, 56.

Brady, Republican candidate for High Constable, elected over McMahon, Democrat, by 24 votes.

Harshbarger, Republican candidate for Auditor, over Gephart 55.

Smith, Democratic candidate for Justice of the Peace in the West and South wards, elected over Klinger, Republican, by 112 votes.

SPRING TOWNSHIP.

Justice of the Peace, John Cole 184, John R. Tate 174, John Hoy 115, Joe B. Miller 192.
Judge of Election, John M. Furey 110, William Bilger 200.
Inspector, William Dawson 190, Thomas Harrison 118.
Assessor, P. G. Gentzel 97, H. K. Miller 209.
Assistant Assessors, H. Kline 209, William Dale 189, John Hines 115, Mike Kerstetter 109.
Overseer of Poor, Daniel Lutz 130, David Rhinesmith 175.
Supervisors, John Woods 113, John Sweeney 89, S. D. Screckengast 183, John Dubbs 196.
School Directors, John Barnhart 108, Isaac Stover 114, David Shearer 207, E. P. Tate 189.
Constable, N. A. Lucas 153, John Bilger 154.
Auditors, M. P. Weaver 167, W. H. Miller 195, H. J. Rothrock 107, Morris Furey 102.
Township Clerk, Richard Miller 192, Aaron Lutz 116.

BENNER TOWNSHIP.

Judge of Election, James Henderson 71, J. W. Marshall 32.
Inspector, A. V. Hamilton 100, Harvey Shivery 2.
Assessor, James Hamilton 102.
Assistant Assessors, A. Y. Wagner 101, James Carson 76, S. A. Marshall 28.
Overseer of the Poor, John Lutz 85, Emanuel Roan 16.
Supervisors, William A. Ishler 98, Jeremiah Kelley 90, William Crape 6, Michael Miser 4.
School Directors, William Grove 58, Elias Beezer 95, J. B. Roan 43.
Constable, Harvey Benner 6, W. H. Close 12.
Auditor, J. M. Kephart 30, James Clark 72.
Treasurer, H. K. Hoy 102.
Township Clerk, B. F. Thompson 102.

BOGGS TOWNSHIP.

Judge of Election, Charles McLaughlin; inspectors, John A Whitehill, E I Walker; school directors, H L Harvey, Elias Hancock; overseer of poor, Ezekiel Confer; supervisors, James Coakley, H Lyman; assessor, Austin C Iddings; assistant assessors, Chas. Lucas, H L Barnhart; auditor, J M Wagner; constable, James Noll; township clerk, John A Whitehill.

Burnside—Judge of Election, Sam Beightol; Inspectors, Jacob Crait J Mulhollen; School Director, Henry Veidhofler, Winfield Loy; Overseer of Poor, Geo Boak; Supervisors, N Valiment, H R Meeker; Assessor, W Stewart; Assistant Assessors, M F Loy, Barney Veidhoffer; Auditor, Doad Boak; Constable, M F Loy; Treasurer, Dr. M Stewart.

Benner—Judge of Election, James Henderson; Inspectors, A. V. Hamilton, Harvey Shivery; School Directors, Wm. Grove, Elias Beezer; Overseers of Poor, John Lutz; Supervisors, Wm A Ishler, Jerry Kelley; Assessor, James Hamilton; Assistant Assessors, A. Y. Wagner, James Carson; Auditor, James Clark; Constable, Harvey Benner; Township Clerk, B. F. Thompson; Treasurer, H. K. Hoy.

Curtin—Judge of Election, Wm Mann; Inspectors, J W Packer, James Mann; School Directors, H Lucas W C Miller, Fred Robb; Overseer of Poor, W C Miller; supervisors, B Delong John Mann; Assessor, Wm Robb; Asst. Assessors, Peter Robb, N J McCloskey; Auditors, J W Packer, John McCloskey; Constable, Wm Packer Township Clerk, Wm Prince.

College—Judge of Election, J Green Irwin; Inspectors, Cornelius Dale, Jacob Pottorf; School Directors, J W Shuey, Wm McGirk; Overseer of Poor, Henry Etters; Supervisors, Fred Decker, J W Showalter; Assessor, John E Murray; Asst. Assessors, Wm Lytle, J P Moore; Auditor, Jos Baker; Constable, James Ray; Township Clerk, Thomas Dale.

Ferguson, E. P.—Judge of Election, H M Meek; Inspectors, Daniel Lowder, W D Port.

Ferguson, W. P.—Justice of Peace, James Smith; Judge of Election, J N Bell; Inspectors, Saml Elebarger, W F Heberling; School Directors, Elias Beistline, Levy Kreps; Overseer of Poor, D W Miller; Supervisors, Solomon Gates, David Fye; Assessor, D G Meek; Assistant Assessors, J T McCormick, J H Miller; Auditor, D L Dennis; Constable, Peter Wolf; Township Clerk, M D Snyder.

Howard—Justice of Peace, Jona Schenck; Judge of Election, W T Leathers; Inspectors, Wm Lyon, Henry Smith; School Directors, Franklin Confer, J R Leathers; Overseer of Poor, Michael Pletcher; Supervisors, Jac Leathers, James Gardner; Assessor, James Turner; Asst. Assessors, Jacob Pletcher, James Antis; Auditors, J A Woodward, Jacob Holter; Constable, T B Sanders; Township Clerk, Theo Pletcher.

Half Moon—Justice of Peace, Henry Stevens; Judge of Election, David Mattern; Inspectors, J L Paine, George Biddle; School Directors, Isaac Rye, O Whippo; Overseer of Poor, B W Rumberg; Supervisors, William Cole, George S Gray; Assessor, Thomas Boop, Asst. Assessors, John A Hunter, Q Beck; Auditor, H Stevens; Constable, David J Gates; Township Clerk, J C Mattern.

Howard Borough—Burgess, W. H. Neff; Council, W B Smith, H S Pletcher, Geo Counsel, Jos Schenck, Wm Heverly, Jas Bechdel; Justice of Peace, J W Smith; Judge of Election, Jos Hall; Inspectors, James L Bechdel, Geo Counsel; School Director, Joseph Heverly; Overseer of Poor, W B Smith; Assessor, Reuben Pletcher; Assistant Assessors, W H Neff, J B Holder; Auditor, N L Schenck; Constable, W N Neff; Town Clerk, B W Pletcher.

Harris—Justice of Peace, Edward Kreamer; Judge of Election, Michael Hess; Inspectors, A H Kreamer, S H Bailey; School Directors, Samuel McClintock, Jacob Condo; Overseers of Poor, John Meyers, 2 y, James Osman, 1 y; Supervisors, Peter Kuhn, Daniel Bohn; Assessor, D T Weiland; Asst. Assessors, Cyrus Durst, S F Ishler; Auditor, C C Meyer; Constable, Wm Meyer; Township Clerk, J H Weber.

Huston—Justice of Peace, John Campbell; Judge of Election, E B Henderson; Inspectors, Dalas Cronister, Newton Williams; School Directors, J C Henderson, Charles Murray; Overseers of Poor, J F Davis, John Q Miles; Supervisors, Alexander Dillon, R W Richards; Assessor, J C Henderson; Asst. Assessors, William Steel, John Q Miles; Auditors, J F Williams, J B Gill; Constable, Samuel Saxon; Township Clerk, W A Hartsock.

Miles—Judge of Election, John C Smull; Inspectors, Henry Dutweiler, B S Miller; School Directors, L E Boyer George B Haynes; Overseer of Poor, John K Hosterman; Supervisors, Benjamin Roush, James Corriman; Assessor, S M Winter; Asst Assessors, Adam Shaffer, George Brumgard; Auditor, Samuel Frank; Constable, Frank B Barker; Township Clerk, Joseph K Weber.

Millheim Borough—Chief Burgess, S C Smith; Asst. Burgess, J W Adams; Council, J C Springer, J H Maige, C W Hartman, H F Hockman, A A Frank, S G Guitelius; Judge of Election, S P Musser; Inspectors, A J Gephart, W N Auman; School Directors, A Walter, D S Zerby; Overseers of Poor, H H Weiser, Frank Knarr; Assessor, D W Zeigler; Asst. Assessors, W A Tobias, E C Campbell; Auditor, John R Bair; High Constable, E Bartholomew; Constable, G W Stover, Jr.

Marion—Justice of Peace, John S Hoy; Judge of Election, Daniel Harter; Inspectors, Aaron Buck, Closs McClintock; School Directors, J J Hoy, C F Yearick; Overseers of Poor, H T McDowell, C F Yearick; Supervisors, Robert Henderson, J W Bitner; Assessor, J S Hoy; Asst. Assessors, P Orr, Enos Ertley; Auditor, S H Benison; Constable, W H Miller; Township Clerk, D K Miller; Treasurer, J J Hoy.

Milesburg Borough—Justice of Peace, J J Morris; Judge of Election, E H Carr; Inspectors, J M Thomas, D H Meek; School Directors, Louis Fulton, Z F Miles; Overseer of Poor, R Shirk; Assessor, W B Miles; Asst. Assessors, George Taylor, Joseph Shirk, Sr.; Auditor, Geo Taylor; Constable, Alexander Drocker; Burgess, J J Morris; Council, W B Miles, W C Wilkie; High Constable, William Bloom.

Potter, S. P.—Judge of Election, W A Kerr; Inspectors, G L Goodhart, D R McClintock.

Potter, N. P.—Justice of Peace, W R Camp; Judge of Election, Simon Harper; Inspectors, Joseph Gilliland, Jas Smith; School Directors, A P Hosterman, Jacob Smith; Overseer of Poor, Jacob Meise; Supervisors, John Runkle, John W Conley; Assessor, James E. Spangler; Assistant Assessors, Adam Krumrine, James A Keller; Auditor, J W Runkle; Constable, M M Condo; Township Clerk, John Smith.

Penn—Judge of Election, E Grenninger; Inspectors, A W Ulrich, P H Stover; School Directors, E Kersteter, Jacob Emerick; Overseers of Poor, D Hosterman, Alfred Stover; Supervisors, D E Gentzel, A Harter; Assessor, John Kersteter; Asst. Assessors, J Moyer, A Stover; Auditor, W F Smith; Constable, W C Hubler; Township Clerk, E Smith.

Philipsburg, 1st Ward—Judge of Election, W E Irwin; Inspectors, J B Riter, Oscar Adams; Council, Wm Sanford, 1 y, D W Holt, 2 y, T B Potter, 3 y; Ward Assessor, A M Creighton.

Philipsburg 2d Ward—Judge of Election; J Passmore; Inspectors, Geo A Gowland, J S Gray; Council, Wm Jones, 1 y, Henry Lehman, 2 y, Owen Hancock, 3 y; Ward Assessor, P E McCormick.

Philipsburg, 3d Ward—Judge of Election, W H Barlow; Inspectors, Josiah Peightel, W Bagley; Council, D F Bottorf, 3 y, Fred Ramey, 2 y, O S Fleming, 1 y; Ward Assessor, W H Dorland.

Philipsburg—Burgess, Geo E Parker; Assistant Burgess, Jackson Gorton; School Directors, Henry Schmidt, 1 y, H Simler, 3 y, Robt Loyd, 3 y; Overseer of Poor, Jacob Swires; Assessor, A V Carpenter; Auditors, H C Williams, 1 y, Harry Jones, 2 y, S S Crissman, 3 y; Constable, W T Oldwine; High Constable, W Adams; Church Trustees, Alfred Johnson, Wm Miller, W S Sterrett.

Patton—Justice of Peace, W I Furst; Judge of Election, G W Beshore; Inspectors, Edward Biddle, J G Gray; School Directors, Isaac Gray, John Musser, Henry Lee; Overseer of Poor, S T Gray; Supervisors, J R Mattern, Frank Blair; Assessor, S I Gray; Asst. Assessors, J C Hartsock, G W F Gray; Auditor, G G Mattern; Constable, J W Hartsock; Township Clerk, J W Biddle.

Rush (N. P.)—Judge of Election, F E Smith; Inspectors, J A Dubbs, Scott Travel.

Rush (S. P.)—Justice of Peace, James Duncan; Judge of Election, Hugh McCann; Inspectors, H H Vaugh, Smith Baldwin; School Directors, Joseph Heath, H C Rice; Overseers of Poor, Jeffrey Hayes, M B Hysong; Supervisors, John Cullin, J F Everly; Assessor, James Dumbleton; Asst. Assessors, Robert Laws, Owen Vale; Auditors, C Moyer, J P Cobick; Constable, Alexander Adams; Township Clerk, Thomas Dubbs.

Spring—Justice of Peace, John Cole, John R Tate; Judge of Election, Wm Bilger; Inspectors, Wm Dawson, Thomas Harrison; School Directors, David Shearer, E P Tate; Overseer of Poor, David Rhinesmith; Supervisors, L D Schreckengast, John Dubbs; Assessor, H K Miller; Assistant Assessors, Harrison Kline, Wm Dale; Auditors, W H Miller, M P Weaver; Constable, John Bilger; Township Clerk, Richard Miller.

Snow Shoe—Justice of Peace, R J Haynes; Judge of Election, James Gates; Inspectors, James Redding, Fred Morris; School Directors, E A Nolan, 3 years, John G Uzzle, 2 years; Overseer of Poor, John Gunsallas; Supervisors, Jacob Mingle, Patrick Nolan; Assessor, Patrick Kelley; Asst. Assessors, Abel Campbell, John Gunsallas; Auditors, W Stewart, Robert Gillilland; Constable, W R Haynes.

Taylor—Justice of Peace, Daniel Beans; Judge of Election, Thomas Fink; Inspectors, A R Price, George Nearh of; School Directors, Henry Beck, John Kennedy, Christ Sharrow; Overseer of Poor, Robert Welch; Supervisors, John Beckwith, Wm Ewing; Assessor, Leonard Merryman; Asst. Assessors, John T Fowler, Thomas Merryman; Auditor, John T Fowler; Constable, Venton Beckwith; Township Clerk, Daniel Beans.

Union—Justice of Peace, W P Fisher; Judge of Election, P H Bush; Inspectors, R L Comley, J G Hall; School Directors, Arista Lucas, Caleb Way; Overseer of Poor, Wm Spotts, Sr.; Supervisors, H F Spotts, R F Comley; Assessor, C Hoover; Asst. Assessors, R Iddings, G P Hall; Auditor, Ezra Fisher; Constable, G W Bowmaster; Township Clerk, Wm T Irwin.

Unionville Borough—Burgess, George Alexander; Assistant Burgess, Charles Greist; Council, B F Leathers, O G Musser, E M Lucas, A J St Clair, Geo Lucas, W H Smith; Judge of Election, J C Smith; Inspectors, L J Bing, J H Shipley; School Directors, A T Leathers, P J McDonald, John Bing; Overseer of Poor, W F Peters; Assessor, G W Rumberger; Assistant Assessors, John Alexander, Andrew Thompson; Auditor, John Geary; Constable, J B Steer; High Constable, J B Steer.

Worth—Judge of Election, Wm Lewis; Inspectors, George Gates, M H Lewis; School Directors, A P Stevens, Wilson Williams; Overseer of Poor, Jacob Woodring; Supervisors, Jacob Spotts John Harpster; Assessor, George R Williams; Asst. Assessors, Christ Reese, A Y Williams; Auditors, Martin Spotts, W B Gingerick; Constable, James Marks; Township Clerk, Harry Woodring.

Walker—Judge of Election, John A Swartz; Inspectors, J S Shaffer, S A Martin; School Directors, S I Goodhart, Charles Beck; Overseers of Poor, Jos Shaffer, Ben Beck; Supervisors, H Bartholomew, Joseph Dunkle; Assessor, Conrad Lesh Asst. Assessors, B F Shaffer, Adam Vonada; Auditor, David Dunkle; Constable, William Cronobe; Township Clerk, J Brown.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, whiteu sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and Hall & Ruckel, New York. 14 24 1y

—The Lock Haven *Journal*, records the presence of Mr. Charles Hamm, chief clerk of the Bush House, in that place on Wednesday of last week.

PE-RU-NA

Is Nature's greatest remedy, and is the principal ingredient of almost every prescription Dr. Hartman gives to his private patients.

PERUNA pleasantly agrees with every one—the young, the old, the middle-aged, the babe and the mother.

PERUNA cleanses the system of all its impurities; tones the stomach, regulates the heart, unlocks the secretions of the liver, strengthens the nerves and invigorates the brain.

PERUNA is the greatest appetizer, makes blood, and to the weary and tired from the toils and cares of the day it gives sweet and refreshing sleep.

PERUNA is composed wholly of vegetable ingredients, each one a great remedy in itself.

PERUNA is pleasant in taste and will help the stomach to digest any article of food.

In Liver and Kidney diseases, and in Chronic Catarrh, it has positively no equal. It never fails.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's pamphlet on "The Ills of Life." For Piles, Diarrhœa, or Kidneys, take

MAN-A-LIN

Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles $5.00.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

There is no excuse for suffering from

CONSTIPATION

and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of

DR. HENRY BAXTER'S

MANDRAKE BITTERS

Will give immediate relief.

After constipation follows

Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the cause. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* perfect health will be the result. Ladies and others subject to Sick Headache will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters Being tonic and mildly purgative they

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Price 25 cts. per bottle.

For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.

HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

D. M. FERRY & CO'S ILLUSTRATED DESCRIPTIVE AND PRICED SEED ANNUAL FOR 1883.

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains about 175 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!

D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH. 15-6-4t

Miscellaneous.

Cuticura

RESOLVENT.

The New Blood Purifier.

I will now state that I made a miraculous cure of one of the worst cases of skin disease known. The patient is a man forty years old; had suffered fifteen years. His eyes, scalp and nearly his whole body presented a frightful appearance. Had had the attention of twelve different physicians who prescribed the best remedies known to the profession, such as iodide potassium, arsenic, corrosive sublimate, sarsaparilla, etc. Had paid $500 for medical treatment with but little relief. I prevailed upon him to use the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. He did so, and was completely cured. The skin on his head, face and many other parts of his body, which presented a most loathsome appearance, is now as soft and smooth as an infant's, with no scar or trace of the disease left behind. He has now been cured twelve months. Reported by F. H. BROWN, Esq. Barnwell, S. C.

SCROFULA SORE.

Rev. Dr. ——, in detailing his experience with the Cuticura Remedies, said that through Divine Providence one of his parishioners was cured of a scrofulous sore, which was slowly draining away his life, by the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The poison that had fed the disease was completely driven out.

ECZEMA.

Sixteen months since an eruption broke out on my legs and both feet, which turned out to be Eczema, and caused me great pain and annoyance. I tried various remedies with no good results, until I used the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, which entirely cured me so that my skin is as smooth and natural as ever.

LEN. M. FRAILEY, 64 South St., Balt more.

CUTICURA.

The Cuticura treatment for the cure of Skin, Scalp and Blood Diseases, consists in the internal use of Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, and the external use of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the Great Skin Cures

Price: Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle; Cuticura 50c. per box; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Medical Toilet Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Medical Shaving Soap, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure,

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Chills and Fever instantly relieved.

Choking, putrid mucus is dislodged, membrane cleansed, disinfected and healed, breath sweetened, and smell, taste and hearing restored and constitutional ravages checked.

Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the Throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, &c., cured.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure. Weeks & Potter, Boston.

COLLINS' PLASTERS

ELECTRICITY.

Gentle, yet effective united with Healing Balsam, render Collins' Voltaic Electric Plasters one hundred times superior to all other plasters for every pain, weakness and inflammation. Price, 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

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PATENT WATER WHEEL,

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Grist Mill Machinery.

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BARTRUFF'S

Is the place to go for

New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons

and to have old ones repaired

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—Estate of Samuel Riders, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Samuel Riders, deceased, late of Ferguson township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

J. A. C. RIDER, } Executors.
MRS. M. A. RIDER, }
Guyer P. O., Dec. 29, 1882. 15-2-6t

BALD EAGLE NURSERY.

Fruit, Shade, Evergreen Trees, &c. My usual stock for spring planting. Apple trees, 15 cts., $14 per 100. Peach trees, 12 cts., $10 per 100. Evergreen trees, 40 cts. each. No additional charge for putting up and delivering to railroad for shipment. Unionville, Fleming P. O., Pa. 15-6-4t W. P. FISHER.

PILES A SURE CURE sent for $1.00 per package. U. S. MED. CO., Walton, New York. 15 6 4t.

WANTED TEACHERS! $100 Per Month. Steady employment during Spring and Summer. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa 15 6 4t

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. 1a16m&wly

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—P. B. Grider & Co's saw mill at Snow Shoe was destroyed by fire Friday night.

—A surprise party at the residence of Mr. Rash Williams was one of the social events of Friday evening.

—If it wasn't for that High street bridge Bellefonte might raise a flood fund for the Ohio river sufferers.

—A foreign letter addressed to "Robert Love, Centre County, Pa., U. S., America," is displayed from the post-office window.

—Mr. Uriah Housel and family have removed from their late residence on Spring street to a house near the glass works, the "flitting" having taken place on Monday, the 19th.

—The Japanese Tea Party on Thursday and Friday evenings of last week was very successful. The ladies cleared between $125 and $150 and are sufficiently well satisfied to try it again.

—Cannot Manager Sourbeck arrange another date for the Madison Square Dramatic Troupe? "Esmeralda" is such a fine drama that the amusement-loving people are anxious to witness it.

—A very large sleighing party from Fillmore visited the residence of Mr. F. P. Green last Friday evening. Of course they were pleasantly entertained by that gentleman and his accomplished family.

—The young ladies who waited on the table at the banquet at the New Brockerhoff House on Thursday night were all tastefully attired in pure white dresses and attracted attention and admiration.

—The Pleasant Gap band visited this place Thursday discoursing agreeable music, the members forming conspicuous figures as their gay uniforms were observed mingling in the crowds that thronged the streets.

—The "Broom Brigade" of Tyrone gave an entertainment for the benefit of the Presbyterian church of that place on Thursday night, by which $227 was realized. They are evidently highly appreciated at home.

—The Philipsburg *Journal* has substituted a neater and more symmetrical headline for the title of that paper than it had when it first appeared in its present improved form. The change is a further improvement.

—A young gentleman who attended the banquet Thursday night displayed his love for sparkling champagne by drinking instead a mixture of vinegar and water. The beverage was mixed for him by his friends near by who delight in practical jokes.

—The birthday party which was given by Wilbur Harris to celebrate his maturity—21 years—on Wednesday evening last, was exceedingly enjoyable. He received a present of a handsome goid watch chain and several gifts of less value from his many friends.

—The Shale Sisters, a brilliant organization of musical talent from Lycoming county, are announced to give an entertainment in Y. M. C. A. Hall on Monday evening, March 5. They are blind, but are naturally gifted vocalists and will furnish an entertainment of rare merit. Miss Fannie E. Hamlin is their business manager.

—The storm of Saturday night followed by rain and warm sunshine on Sunday converted the streets and walks into small creeks and rivulets. Pedestrians could test their skill in wading through water to their heart's content. A cold wind converted the water into ice and a condition of frigidity again prevailed on Monday.

—Mr. Charles Hamm, who has for a long time officiated as chief clerk at the Bush House, departed at 10 o'clock Saturday morning for DuBois, Clearfield county, to take charge of the DuBois House, in that place. It is one of the largest and finest hotels in this state, and as he has heretofore been connected with it and understands the character of patronage which the house receives he will no doubt make a successful manager. We wish him success.

—While Jesse Richards, of the Philipsburg *Journal*, was in town some time ago he visited the county jail. He writes as follows: "We talked with the prisoners and found that none of them were there for very hard crimes. One bright-looking young fellow who took to us kindly and piloted us through the cells, with explanations, said that he came there through following the Scriptural injunction, "Examine all things and hold fast to that which is good."

BANQUET AT THE NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE.

A Glorious Gathering of Traveling Men—How Washington's Birthday was Celebrated at the New Brockerhoff House.

Thursday night was a notable occasion to many people in Bellefonte. Mine host, C. G. McMillen, of the New Brockerhoff House, announced the second annual Commercial Men's Banquet to be given at the hotel on evening of that day, and during the twenty-four hours previous every train brought representatives of the very numerous class of traveling men to town. Before 9 o'clock arrived every corridor and hall-way in the hotel was thronged by these gentlemen, among whom were many citizens of Bellefonte who came to participate in the festivities of the occasion. Several ladies were also observed flitting through the halls who, with their gentlemen attendants, admired the elegantly spread tables which extended on every side of the dining room with several smaller tables in the centre, all presenting a most glittering array. Glass and silver sparkled in the gaslight. Pyramids of oranges and cake vied with the festoons of celery and the rich collections of confectionery in attracting the view of the beholder. All was in perfect order and completeness.

The Pleasant Gap band first entered the dining room and to soul-inspiring music rendered in their most excellent style the grand march was taken up to the dining room in an order previously announced. Within five minutes the merry company were seated with J. L. Spangler, Esq., as master of ceremonies. While the band was playing a lively air we glanced around to take in the scene. We calculated that there were between 125 and 150 persons seated at the tables, more than one-half of whom were traveling men who came with the sole object of doing honor to this grand occasion. Among the "home citizens" whom we observed were Major W. F. Reynolds, Mr. Hammon Sechler, Mr. John Meese, Messrs. Adolph and Simon Loeb, Dr. J. D. Geissinger, Mr. Newton Gordon, Mr. Olin Meek, Mr. Brachbill, Mr. Thomas Newell, Mr. Edwin F. Garman, Mr. Frank Montgomery and many others. Much confusion was prevented in beginning the consideration of the *menu* by the announcement from J. L. Spangler, Esq., that Nos. 1,2 and 3 would compose the first course; Nos. 4 and 5 the second, and No. 6 the third. The elegant bill-of-fare was beautifully printed on very heavy cardboard, with a representation of the hotel on the reverse side. We give it in full as follows:

MENU.

1.

Raw Oysters in the Shell.

2.

Ox-Tail Soup; Chicken Broth.

3.

Baked Salmon, Mushroom Sauce.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.

4.

Roast Turkey, stuffed with Oysters, Cranbery Sauce; Domestic Goose, Giblet Sauce; Young Pig, Apple Sauce; Ribs of Beef, with Browned Potatoes; Stewed Tomatoes, Baked Sweet Potatoes; Sugar Corn, Cold Slaw, Mashed Potatoes Asparagus.

ROMAN PUNCH.

5.

Boned Turkey, Oyster Salad, Lobster Salad, Chicken Salad, Canvas Back Duck.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.

6

Mince Pie, Apricot Pie, Lemon Pie, English Plum Pudding, Rum Sauce; Vanilla Ice Cream, Chocolate Ice Cream, Fruit, Assorted Cake, Confectionery, Nuts, Raisins.

French Coffee, Tea, Chocolate.

MUSIC.

The last item in the *menu* was given between each course affording an opportunity to recuperate the exhausted physical nature for a fresh attack on the good things to follow. At the conclusion of the "appetizers" which composed the opening course J. L. Spangler, Esq., called for speeches and responded in person with several appropriate apostrophes to the character of George Washington and hearty compliments to the host, Mr. C. G. McMillen. He was applauded to the echo.

When the second, or chief course was concluded, toasts, songs and speeches became the order of the day, or *night*, which were preceded by the following brief but expressive resolutions adopted by the commercial travelers and read by W. H. Klinesmith, chairman of the committee on resolutions:

WHEREAS, At the Second Annual Commercial Men's Banquet, tendered by Mr. C. G. McMillen, proprietor of the New Brockerhoff House, we thoroughly enjoyed ourselves; therefore,

Resolved, That we commercial travelers tender our host, Mr. C. G. McMillen, our heartfelt thanks for the kind attention shown to us; Be it further

Resolved, That the banquet given to-night is an unprecedented compliment to the commercial traveler and one that is fully appreciated;

Resolved further, That the hospitality always shown us at the New Brockerhoff House, under the management of Mr. C. G. McMillen, unites us in the opinion that it is "*The Home of the Traveling Man*," and the *furthering of his interest will always be our own.*

W. H. KLINESMITH, Chairman;
SAMUEL B. FRANK, Secretary;
GEO. H. SCHLESINGER,
M. N. HIRSHBERG,
J. H. KLEIN,
Com. on Resolutions.

We jotted down a few of the toasts, which were about as follows:

"Paints and Oils," M. N. Hirshberg.

"Salt," J. A. Beck.

"Sbirts," Billy Miller, who said that with the poor sewing woman it is always "so so."

"Hardware," Mr. Jack Silverman, who responded with a really excellent imitation of a school boy's declamation on "The Horse." This gentleman recited several other selections during the further course of the proceedings.

"*Boot and Shoe Men*," responded to by R. Fordmyers, York, Pa.: "What language could be used that would be more appropriate or what words sound sweeter and bring more comfort to the threshold of any mansion, than to introduce to the Commercial Men's Fraternity and the public in general, your humble servant as a co-worker and laborer of the Salvation Army, in endeavoring to save a man's soul—perchance it needs be the "*Sole*" of his feet. Our mission is a worthy and creditable one, and if we *Conover* think of *Leid(y)er* things, we expect to be treated with a degree of "*Prince Albert*" style, and hope no *Roth(y)child* may ask us to support any candidate but one headed by the committee of 100. Our bark through life, which is always afloat, is not one to be found stranded on a Rock at all times Our pathway through life, 'tis true, is not always strewn with Roses of Happiness. We often find to some dismay and surprise that our feet prick with thorns of disappointment, but our worthy friends will bear us in mind that when the "*lacers*" have been drawn, our pocket book "*Buttoned*" and our "*eye(lets) punched*," we are always read to *Boot* our next man.

Much can be said in the interests of the Salvation Army of Boot and Shoe tourists, but for fear we might be compelled to *Townsend* one of our number to *Field* out some of the recruits that may have fallen in at the *Gable* end of a mansion, we'll be *Frank* about it, and put off our plans till we consult *Field* Marshall *Cooper* and Senator *Conklin*. We *All* expect to have a merry time, but if there are any of us to be *Shook*, we hope *Mac* will cut a *Mellon* and *Beck*(on) to a *Goodfellow* to invite us re-*Cline* in the peaceful slumbers of a too-too to awfully tired night which will not be *Long*; but we'll draw the *Curtin*, and hope when we awake there will be no *Sham pain* among us, but find and cherish the star in our *Spangler* Banner.

NOTE.—Words in italic designate the names of commercial men present, and material partly used in the construction of shoes.

"Trunks," J. H. Klein.

"Absent Wives and Sweethearts," M. N. Hirshberg.

"Wines and Liquors," S. B. Frank.

"Rubber Goods," Ed. C. Cooper.

"The Tramp," W. Miller, who gave two fine recitations.

General good feeling prevailed, sparkling wine flowed freely, and when the "wee sma' hours" arrived many became somewhat hilarious from too much of the exhilarating beverage. But we draw the curtain here; and drink "Adam's Ale" to the continued prosperity of the New Brockerhoff House during the year upon which it just entered.

—D. S. Maynard, Esq., a gentleman of intelligence and culture who formerly resided in Lock Haven, and who will be remembered by many of our citizens as the compiler of the book called "The Industries and Institutions of Centre County," went down to Glassboro, N. J., about a year ago, and, if a report in the Philadelphia *Press* be correct, he "fell among thieves." He started a Knights of Labor Journal for the benefit of that Society and was largely instrumental in bringing about the election of Hon. Thomas M. Ferrell, whom he endorsed for Congress. For a few brief days he was held in high favor by the Knights (?), but when his hard labor brought on a spell of illness they seem to have forgotten him, or thought of him only to worry him about a few dollars he owed them. His family were in extremely destitute circumstances and would have suffered but for the timely interference and aid of kindly friends. His condition is still considered critical. We would like to ask where the Hon.(?) Thomas M. Ferrell may be that he does not do something for Mr. Maynard in return for services rendered.

—Bellefonte thanks the Millheim *Journal* for advocating the erection of the High street bridge by the county.

A Tragic Occurrence at the New Brockerhoff House Monday Morning.

What proved to be the sad culmination of a two weeks' mystery occurred at the New Brockerhoff House Monday morning:

About two weeks ago there came to Bellefonte a gentleman of genteel appearance, who from a hasty glance might have passed for a bachelor or widower of forty-five summers. The gentleman was not extravagantly clothed, but showed that extreme neatness and care about his dress that befitted a man of refinement. The gentleman seemed to have no friends in town for, as he stepped from the train, he asked "Billy," of the Brockerhoff House, which was the best hotel in town and was politely shown to the free bus which carries all patrons to the door. As he stepped from the "bus" he was cordially greeted by "Mac," the proprietor, and invited to register. He said that he would prefer not to place his name upon the book as he did not know how long his stay might be.

As the day advanced he asked the clerk for a room as he would remain over night. He was accordingly shown room No. 30, since which time he has occupied it.

The days passed and other peculiarities of disposition and behavior were noticeable about the strange individual. His life seemed to be wrapped up in an impenetrable mystery. He would occasionally talk to some of the older boarders at the house, but seemed to avoid all newcomers. As bits of conversation dropped like a shower in summer from the lips of this incomprehensible individual, we could not but feel that he was a gentleman of fine mind and high education. But more frequently he would sit alone wrapped in abstraction, his mind apparently engaged in thoughts far distant and evidently not pleasant for contemplation.

The reserve and mystery which seemed to exert its burdening effect on this individual grew in intensity during the past few days. Last evening he retired earlier than usual, but before doing so he became especially talkative to the clerk, inquiring very minutely if the new fire escape had been tried yet as to the strength of the rope, etc. Monday morning as the reporter was passing the New Brockerhoff House at an early hour he discovered an object suspended at about the centre of the Allegheny street exposure of the house. On closer examination he was almost overcome at the horrible discovery that it was indeed a man. There were the face and head and the wide-open, staring eyes and every lineament and contour of his person suggested that "one more unfortunate," tired of life, had sought the "bourne whence no traveler returns." This mysterious and sad individual had doubtless suddenly come to the conclusion to rid himself of earthly trouble by suicide and had adopted the ordinary method of self-destruction of hanging by a rope outside the window. He had taken the desperate leap during some hour of the night and there was only his lifeless body to tell the tale.

Fortunately the excellent and competent coroner, Dr. H., was near by and was sent for to declare life extinct and hold the necessary inquest. The clerk of the hotel accompanied by the Doctor proceeded to the room and carefully lifted the dead body into the room. Imagine their surprise when they discovered it to be a dummy carefully dressed in man's clothing and attached to "Mac's" Patent Fire Escape. The joke was perpetrated by some of the boys who have been spending their time there since the banquet.

The Bellefonte Orchestra.

The last regular rehearsal of the Bellefonte orchestra, which was held at the residence of Mr. E. M. Blanchard, on Thursday night, was attended by very gratifying results to its members. For the first time since its organization the orchestra was complete in all its parts, being composed of nine pieces, which, with their performers, are as follows: First violin, Lemuel Bierly; second violin, Fred Reynolds; viola, Dr. A. Hibler; flute, Nathaniel Bierly; clarionette, Robert Bierly; cornet, E. M. Blanchard; trombone, William Derstine; violoncello, F. Potts Green; bass violoncello, Charles Smith; piano, Miss Onmacht. This number of instruments constitute a full orchestra, made up of excellent material, and the members are to be congratulated upon their success in accomplishing this result. As an amateur organization it has no superior in Central Pennsylvania, and at the present rate of progress we expect to see it rank some day with such noted orchestras as Philadelphia's pet Germania. A grand concert to be given early in the spring, is contemplated.

—Philipsburg and Houtzdale indulge in foot races.

Drinking and Drunkenness.

It has become a source of sorrow to many persons to observe so much drunkenness during the past few days among the young men of this town, and that, too, in many instances, where the persons under the influence of liquor were supposed to be comparatively free from danger of taking "too much." The strong temptation to drink where wine or other intoxicants are offered seems to be beyond the power of some to resist. We mourn over and sympathise with such persons and would say a word at this time to help them in whatever endeavors they may be making to overcome their subtle temptation. It is this: If you find you have so strong a desire to drink that which will "steal away your senses" and deprive you of manliness do not go where such temptation exists. There are persons who are not tempted at all by what it seems impossible for others to resist. We are more and more impressed every day with the strong temptation among the larger class of young men to drink wine. They take the first glass with the thought that it will not harm them; its exhilarating influences are just sufficient to induce them to take another, thoughlessly it may be; then they are gone. The beautiful specimen of manhood is reduced to the level of a dumb brute; the temple it may be of the Holy Spirit is defiled. Let us urge you again: "Look not upon the wine when it is red."

The events of the past few days call forth these words. The reader of this may know we mean him. Be not discouraged by past failures. Profit by the past and do better in the future.

The Bridge Question Settled.

An important meeting of the borough council was held on Friday, the 23d. A proposition was received from the county commissioners which is supposed to contain the most liberal terms they are willing to make in regard to the construction of the High street bridge spanning Spring creek. The terms are that the borough shall construct the abutments of said bridge and all approaches thereto, the commissioners contributing the sum of $1,000 toward the expenses of this undertaking and also erecting a suitable iron superstructure at the county's expense. After considerable discussion the proposition was accepted by council. The people throughout the county, we doubt not, will be well satisfied with this settlement of the question. Although it is not what the borough authorities asked it is perhaps the nearest equitable conclusion that could be arrived at involving, as it does, concessions on either side.

Local Melange.

A Centre Hall man cut his chin on the Court House pavement recently. Cause—brindle dog mistook his legs for a gateway.

Japanese tea party big success. McMillen's American banquet ditto.

Barn door in College township blown down the other night. Owner narrowly escaped being brained. Supposed to be Wiggins' lost blizzard.

Seven sprained backs, two noses smashed and one finger driven in is the record of sidewalk accidents up to date for east side of Allegheny street, and ice enough left for lots more sport.

Candidate for Poor Overseer Tripple is out of politics—disgusted with whole business. Likewise Brother Sternberg. 'Tis always thus with the fellow who gets "left."

The melting snow brings to view the early spring products notably the ash heap, which greets the pedestrians on several of the borough streets.

—Miss Clara Moore, of Milesburg, who started on last Thursday morning on a long journey to Missouli, Montana Territory, to care for her brother, William Moore, who has been afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism and went to that region for his health, will in all probability retrace her steps as her brother is beyond human care. A telegram was received Thursday night announcing Mr. Moore's death and a dispatch was sent to Chicago to intercept Miss Clara, as the journey would require more than a week to accomplish by which time the last sad ceremonies will be over. The deceased is a son of Mr. Agnew Moore, of Milesburg, and a nephew of Mr. Joe Furey, of this place.

—A monkey consigned to John G. Uzzle of Snow Shoe was taken through this place on Thursday. On its cage was written: "I'm John Uzzle's monkey; whose monkey are you?" Mr. U. purchased the pet from Ed. Fancher, of Lock Haven. It will add one to his collection of wild animals already consisting of a bear, a mountain wolf and a wild cat.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Newell of Clearfield, are visiting friends in this place.

John Mitchell, of Snow Shoe, registered at the United States Hotel at Lock Haven on Wednesday.

Miss Emma Lingle, one of Bellefonte's accomplished young ladies, is visiting friends in Philipsburg.

Colonel D. H. Hastings dispensed his agreeable presence in the city of Lock Haven on Wednesday.

Miss Edith Fearon and Miss Flora DeHaas, of Beech Creek, are guests of Mrs. Augustus Hoover, of this place.

Miss Celia Sternberg, of this place, was recently the guest of Mrs. Herman Simon, of Church street, Lock Haven.

'Squire John I. Rankin, who has been confined to the house by illness for some time past, is, we are pleased to state, recovering.

Mr. Harry Brew and family, of Tyrone, arrived in town Saturday morning to tarry for a short time with Bellefonte relatives.

A. G. Morris, Esq., one of the prominent business men of Tyrone, was in town on Thursday looking after his interests in this section.

Miss Kittie Leyden, of Beech Creek, is a guest of Miss Mattie Kline, daughter of ex-Sheriff Kline. Miss L. is a sister of Lieut. Leyden.

Mr. Wm. Lehman, of the firm of G. Lyon & Co., Philipsburg, returned to his home on Friday after a few days passed pleasantly with his friends in this place.

Miss Lizzie, daughter of Major R. H. Forster, of Linn street, departed for Lewistown last Monday to take charge of a class in painting. Her numerous friends here will greatly regret her absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Washington Rees gave an elegant little supper to eight or ten of their gentleman friends at their residence on Methodist Hill on Monday evening of last week. It was exceeding enjoyable.

Edwin F. Garman, Esq., departed for Milton, Pa., Friday morning, where he will visit for a few days with relatives, before proceeding to New York and Philadelphia to purchase goods for his new store.

Robert Brown, brother of Mr. L. L. Brown, coal merchant, departed for his home in Huntingdon last Saturday, where he contemplates engaging in business for himself. He has recently been officiating as clerk for his brother in this place.

The Bush House entertained the following distinguished guests on Tuesday of last week: Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, of Clearfield; Hon. S. R Peale, of Lock Haven; and Messrs. Thomas and Philip Collins, Esq's., the famous railroad contractors. We believe that they arrived on Monday morning.

General James A. Beaver entertained quite a distinguished party of gentlemen, on Thursday last, consisting of Hon. W. F. Davies, of Bradford county, Hon. John M. Greer, of Butler county, and Senator Cooper, of Delaware county. An informal reception was held at General Beaver's office until one o'clock when the gentlemen repaired to his residence for dinner.

Spencer C. Ogden, of Lagos, West Africa, surprised his many friends in this place by unexpectedly appearing among them on Tuesday of last week. When we published his letter about two weeks ago describing life in that sub-tropical clime we did not expect to see him quite so soon, as he gave us no intimation of his speedy return. His mother is still in Africa. Spencer remained in town until Thursday evening when he departed for Philadelphia.

—Prof. Cadwell, the mesmerist had large and delighted audiences in Williamsport last week. He is pronounced the most skillful mesmerist who ever visited that city.

MARRIED.

MEEKER—BUSH.—On the 18th instant, at Snowshoe Intersection, by the Rev. J. Zeigler, Maynard Meeker, of Pine Glenn, to Clara Bush, Boggs township, both of Centre Co.

GREEN—IRWIN—On the 18th instant, by the Rev. J. Zeigler, J. M. Green, of Kersey, Elk county, Pa., and Hanna A. Irwin, of Union township, Centre county.

GREENE—O'BRIEN.—At the residence of the parents of the bride, on the 21st instant, by Rev. G. D. Penepacker, Mr. Edgar R. Greene and Miss Minnie O'Brien, both of this place.

CALVERT—REISH.—On the 20th of February, at the residence of Mr. Michael Hess, of Harris township, by Rev. J. Alfred Koser, David B. Calvert, of Altoona, Pa., and Ellen S. Reish, of Boalsburg.

ETTERS—CARSON.—At the home of the bride's parents in Burnside township, Centre county, on Tuesday morning the 6th inst., by Rev. W. A. Carver, Mr. Reuben E. Etters and Miss Salina E. Carson, both of the above township.

TAYLOR—SWEITZER.—At the residence of Jonas Stine, in Patton township, by R. H. Stine, Esq., Mr. Miles Taylor and Miss Alice Sweitzer, all of Buffalo Run.
The occasion was more than ordinarily enjoyable. An excellent supper was served to the happy bride and groom and their friends.

DIED.

BREON.—On the 14th instant, in Gregg township, Catharine Breon, wife of George Breon in the 73rd year of her age.